

B. P. Test No. 3 Monday--- Maple Leaf Crew Leave--- Other Notes of Interest

Several of the directors of the British Petroleum Ltd. were in Wainwright Monday when a test was made of the promising sand in No. 3 well. The sand in which drilling had been stopped was reported to contain large quantities of oil apparently of a much higher grade than which had been encountered in any of the wells previously drilled by the company. Unfortunately as bailing proceeded it became apparent that large quantities of salt water were coming into the hole the exact source of which at the present time has not been determined. The directors who were present at the test have made arrangements for the immediate purchase of a swab and also for a core barrel small enough to carry the hole much deeper. It is felt by them that if the swabbing fails to make this well a producer, from present indications, there must be a very valuable high grade oil sand comparatively near the present structure.

BAILING AT NO. 2 AND OIL FLOWING AT NO. 4.
No effort has yet been made to pump No. 2 well. A new bailer has been secured for No. 2 and so far the men have been unable to remove the sand so as to use the pump. The oil is still flowing at No. 4 and all storage has been filled. A car load of empty barrels has been secured but as these can be filled with the oil flowing from No. 4 it is not likely the other well will be put on the pump till further storage is secured or a market found for the production.

MAPLE LEAF CREW LEAVE.

Mr. Hugh Campbell passed through Irma Tuesday with his family on his way to Edmonton. The rest of the crew with the exception of Mr. Creelman, who is staying at the wells as watchman, left for Edmonton Tuesday night. Mr. Campbell could not state when operations would be resumed nor could we find out just what had caused the recent deadlock between the contractors and the Company.

PAT ADAMS VISITS FIELD.

Pat Adams, one of the drillers on the famous Fabyan well was in Irma Friday and Saturday of last week. Mr. Adams was somewhat surprised that more development had not been done during the past season, especially considering the excellent results attained at some of the wells. Since he left here Pat has spent most of his time in the California fields. In most of these fields the drills average 100 feet per day. On account of the overproduction of oil in the south country conditions have not been any too bright during the past season. This no doubt is responsible to some extent for the apparent lack of interest in the northern fields.

OTHER WELLS DRILLING.

A new bull wheel has been installed at the Western Consolidated in place of the old wheel which blew up while lowering the drill. Operations have been resumed and from last reports good progress was being made. At the Wainwright Oil Producers, driller Bradley is still pounding away with a single crew. George Hoffman, of the Oil Well Supply who has been watching operations at the B. P. wells left Monday night for Los Angeles. Mr. Hoffman expects to return in a few weeks by which time the company expect to have another test.

PERCENTAGE OF OIL

FROM EACH FORMATION
In a monograph written by Prof. M. H. B. Cronshaw, one of a series on mineral resources issued under the auspices of the Mineral Resources Committee of the British Imperial Institute, is an interesting table showing the degree in which the different geological formations contribute to the current output of petroleum of the world.

Tertiary, 49.4 per cent; California, Gulf Coast of Mexico, Russia, Rumania, Persia, India, Dutch East Indies, Peru, Argentina, Venezuela, and most of the British Colonies.

Cretaceous, Trins, Permian, 1.0 per cent; Texas, Wyoming, Colorado and Galicia.

Carboniferous, Devonian, 41.5 per cent; Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Pennsylvania, Illinois, part of the Appalachian fields and Canada.

Silurian, Ordovician, Cambrian, 8.0 per cent; Lima (Indiana, U. S. A.)

IMPERIAL CONTINUES

DRILLING AT COALSPOUR

The Imperial Oil company is still drilling steadily on their leases near Coalspur, and according to residents of the western town they intend to continue through the winter season, unless oil is struck in the meantime. Local men state that as far as can be learned prospects are excellent, but the drillers are not supplying any information.

The drilling rig is housed in for the winter, and all preparations have been made for cold weather operations.

DECEMBER "ROD AND GUN"

Brimful of interest to every sportsman is the December issue of Rod and Gun in Canada. Two especially good stories appear in the first section. "I've Wandered in the Village, Tom," by George R. Belton, will touch a cord of sympathy for everyone who has returned to the home town after years of absence. The Yellow Mink is a thrilling mystery story in Phil. H. Moore's best style. Bonnycastle Dale upholds his reputation as a writer of very interesting wild animal and wild bird stories in "The Canada Grouse. Quercus Ducks by J. W. Winslow, the last of his series of duck stories, is decidedly one of the best. It contains information on the subject of these wild fowl not often available. F. V. Williams and Martin Hunter, other regular contributors, have stories that are worthy successors of their previous ones. Besides other interesting and instructive articles, the regular departments are all up to the mark. Guns and Ammunition comprises a number of extremely interesting articles on a variety of subjects. In addition to these features, the winners in the \$500 Photo Contest, which has aroused such universal interest, are announced in this issue.

A farmer whose name is withheld has been spending a month in Edmonton, on returning he found the fire still going and the house nice and warm. He burns Bush Mine Coal bought from the Farmers Mutual Lumber Co.

ALBERTA FOR HONEY.

This is the story of a Californian who grew disgusted with the sustained drought in his own state and came to southern Alberta, where it rains occasionally, and where irrigation protects a yearly-increasing area from a condition of drought.

His name is Reidel—C. G. Reidel—and he reached Lethbridge last June. The city and country looked good to him. He arrived early one morning and when he looked out of his hotel window over the beautiful Galt Gardens, the pride of the city of Lethbridge, he exclaimed: "This is the place for me."

That afternoon Reidel drove over the East Lethbridge and Coaldale areas now fully under irrigation. Here he saw endless stretches of alfalfa and sweet clover, for sweet clover, that "blessed nuisance" of our father's day, is extensively grown in Southern Alberta now. So delighted was he that he jumped out of a comfortable car and tramped in glee over the fragrant fields. He must have made a queer picture, for he declares he heard a farmer say: "That guy must have been in his bonnet."

Well, Reidel didn't have been in his bonnet, but he had bees, millions of them in southern California, and that night despatched a wire from Lethbridge ordering 300 "packages" of the honey makers to be shipped at once to Alberta.

Reidel, with a world of bee and honey experience behind him, had reached a decision. He had decided that millions of dollars in honey was being wasted every year in southern Alberta, and it was up to him to stop some of that waste, and at the same time work into a profitable business.

Having a propagation plant near Los Angeles he planned to ship the bees in "packages," which he did with excellent success.

Abundant Bee Pasture

He brought in about half a million bees, establishing six apiaries east of the city. The bees took a little shock. They worked under severe handicaps. The weather was not favorable and they had to make comb for they had no home to go to on arriving from the sunny climes of the south. But they set to work with a will, appearing to thrive on the nectar drawn from the alfalfa and clover so plentifully found in the neighborhood.

And now the honey flow is being checked up. The results are gratifying to the California bee man. He has extracted seven tons of honey at this writing, and his bees are still making him honey, so that he expects his crop to reach ten tons before the season is concluded. The open fall weather is favoring him in this respect.

In handling his honey crop and placing it on the market, Mr. Reidel has adopted modern methods. He has established a central extracting plant in the city and has installed what is believed to be the only facilities in the Dominion for the treatment of honey against sugaring and hardening. Reidel claims people like liquid honey, although the more solid kind has been popular in Canada for years. He has spent upwards of \$6,000 in a plant, and is employing one man and two boys. He has natural gas, electricity and city water handy, and a building with plenty of air and sunlight as well as an abundance of dry storage room.

Heavy Frames

The honey is brought from the hives in combs, each weighing about six pounds. Some of the combs are so filled with honey that they go up to 10 pounds. The wax-like cap is peeled off with a steam-heated knife, and the combs are placed in the extractor. Centrifugal force takes the honey from the numerous cells, the liquid passing then to a large vessel for treatment against sugaring or "candying." In a heat gradually brought to a temperature of 160 degrees the honey is thus treated, and then it is run into the pails. Pails of ten, five and two-and-a-half pounds are used. They are neatly labeled and packed in heavy cardboard boxes for delivery to the wholesaler.

Mr. Reidel has sold his entire output to a wholesale firm of Lethbridge, Calgary and Edmonton—Campbell, Wilson and Horne. Fred Horne, manager of the Lethbridge house, says there is an increasing demand for honey in Western Canada, and in addition to the home-grown crop large importations will have to be made. Mr. Horne is delighted with the progress being made with bees in southern Al-

berta, for he says his firm is always glad to handle the Canadian-grown product.

Next season, Mr. Reidel plans on bringing in 1,000 colonies, which, he believes will make him fifty tons of honey. He purposes making an interesting experiment in northern Alberta. In localities where fireweed is abundant he plans to use a few colonies as an experiment, for he believes fireweed will yet prove one of our greatest sources of honey. "I look for the whole of Western Canada to become one of the leading honey-producing countries in the world. One reason for this is the purity of your bee population now and the rigid precautions you are taking to keep them clean and healthy," Mr. Reidel said to the writer.

PITILESS GOVERNMENT OF THE BEES

"In bee-civilization the State is everything, the individual nothing," writes Dallas Love Sharp in the August issue of "Harper's Magazine." "Each one exists for the Whole, but the Whole exists for no one. The individual is torn from their warm beds and hurried into the outer cold. Let the last virgin queen of the season be mated, and not only does that drone perish in the act, but all the drones in the hive no longer needed are bundled, bag and baggage, outside, to fumble for one pathetic moment before they die at their own door. Let the worker come home with frayed wing, falling never so little of her full capacity production, and she is set upon, never to be seen again in the hive; let the queen-mother, in the height of the honey flow, come short in her prodigious task of keeping the colony at its maximum strength, let her fall off from laying her two to three thousand eggs per day, and a new queen is deliberately prepared for, the old mother, like any drone or worker, falling a victim to the pitiless policy of the State."

"I do not know how long the bees had stood on their ancient stands under the hickories, but on opening the hinged door at the back of one tall hive, I read in a cramped, but clear hand, 'This colony swarmed May 3rd, 1862'—and there within the glass wall behind the wooden door, were the bees at work that June day, as they had been working for forty years and more since that entry was made! More than forty generations of bees, more than forty dynasties of queens, perhaps, had come and gone in, those years, yet the bees and the queen were here! The Queen is dead, long live the Queen; and I sat thrilled at the thought of life—how steady, how immortal it is! And yet the living, how swift they pass! How their swarming multitudes fade away!"

"That was nearly twenty years ago, and still the colony lives on, as for the forty years before it had lived on, as for the thousand years to come it will live on and on! Ten thousand years ago Egypt was a great nation, and thousands of years before that, before the Egyptians had built their pyramids, beekeeping was known among them, their most ancient hieroglyphs showing that the 'king bee' was taken by them to represent the human king."

"And far back in those dim and distant times this colony in my garden, that swarmed with their old queen, 'May 3rd, 1862' was at work among the flowers. Older, incomparably older than the oldest civilization we have record of, is this bee community in the hive. Bee civilization, queen and drone and worker—the theory and practice of the State—is the oldest civilization in the world." — Western Gardener and Beekeeper.

MRS. HARDING BURIED

Marion, Ohio, Nov. 24.—Under a leaden November sky, Florence Kling Harding was buried in Marion cemetery today beside the mortal remains of her husband whom she helped rise from country editor to the presidency of the United States.

Public Meetings in Irma District

Public Meetings at Alma Mater, Wednesday Night, December 3rd; Jarow, Thursday afternoon, Dec. 4th; Coal Springs, Friday night, Dec. 5th, Irma Saturday afternoon, December 6th.

J. R. Love, M. L. A., has just returned from holding a series of public meetings in the east end of the Wainwright Constituency. These meetings were well attended and much interest was taken in the various problems affecting the people of Alberta. It is only through such meetings that the general public have an opportunity of keeping in touch with their provincial member and of discussing with him the questions and problems affecting the people of the province.

Mr. Love would be glad to hold meetings at any time and any place any group of citizens (U. F. A. or otherwise) desire same.

For the week commencing December 1st, meetings will be held at Alma Mater School Wednesday night, Jarow Thursday afternoon, Coal Springs Friday night, and Irma Saturday afternoon.

Everyone is invited to attend these meetings and discuss any question he or she is interested in. If you believe in democracy, come and take part in these meetings. All people do not think alike so whether you are for or against the present government you will be made welcome at these meetings.

In connection with the meeting held at Irma on Saturday afternoon December 6th, the Irma U. F. A., will elect officers for the coming year, so a good attendance is requested! The Irma meeting will be held in Liden's Hall at 2.30 P. M., so try and be on time. Women have the vote now and children expect to vote some day, so all are invited to attend these meetings.

PROVINCIAL INCOME TAX IS URGED BY U.F.A. MEMBER FOR WAINWRIGHT

Present System of Taxation Was not Equitable, the Speaker Contends—Province Does Not Collect Sufficient Revenue to Wipe Off Debt.

Chauvin, Nov. 20.—J. R. Love, U. F. A. member for Wainwright, is in the eastern part of the constituency at present, addressing meetings in the rural districts around Chauvin.

On Monday, November 17th, he addressed a large and interested gathering of farmers and their wives in the Killamey School house. Jas. Tooth, local U. F. organizer, acted as chairman.

Taking for his subject the question of public finance, Mr. Love endeavored to impress upon his hearers, the present, past and future position of Alberta in regard to the financing of its projects and the balancing of the budget; the ground covered taking in the boom period of 1910 up to the present, referred to by some as the "glorious" period.

By the aid of a series of charts he traced the progress of the province during this period, and the debt incurred since the Sifton regime. He explained that owing to provincial financing having been done largely through debentures and federal grants the sense of responsibility for the future failed to develop as it should either in government or people. He gave as an example the present financial difficulties of Edmonton as illustrative of the results of "boom" optimism. He owned, however, that much of the debt was incurred in the development of necessary institutions and enterprises, as well as in the enactment of new social legislation which the interest, referred to by women in political questions, was, in large measure, responsible for.

The relative size of the public indebtedness and the revenue to meet it, according to his chart, was so much greater in the case of indebtedness F. A. member for Wainwright, is in the eastern part of the constituency at present, addressing meetings in the rural districts around Chauvin.

RADIO FANS

We have been asked to call the attention of the radio fans in our district to the special program from WGR, Buffalo, N. Y., next Monday night, December 1st from 9 to 11 p. m. (Eastern Time). The program is being furnished by the Western New York Honey Producers Association. In addition to two talks on bees and honey an excellent vocal and musical program is being arranged.

ANOTHER POULTRY CAR HERE

P. Burns & Co. will have another poultry car at Irma next Thursday, when they will endeavor to get all the surplus chickens, turkeys, geese that are to be had in the Irma district. For information as to prices see Mr. A. K. Madsen, manager of the Creamery.

Mr. Oran Osterhout left Tuesday night to spend the winter in Vancouver.

RED ROSE

For **COFFEE** particular people—
Pure! No chicory or any adulterant in this choice coffee

Bovril
puts the "goodness"
into the steupan!

Public Life In Canada

Of all the activities in which men and women may engage, the rendering of service to one's fellowmen and country is rarely the highest. Every citizen can, and should, render such service no matter how humble their station, but the higher the position and the greater the responsibility the more important it becomes that the services of the best men and women, those with experience and special qualifications for the discharge of the duties involved, be secured.

Because of a man's life, talents and energies in public service to the country involves in almost every instance, personal sacrifice. A man possessing the temperament and qualifications of a successful organizer and administrator can attain just as high honor in the estimation of his fellowmen and reap far larger financial rewards, in private life and the business world than he can in public life and service. Most men occupying high office in public life in Canada today could easily command much larger salaries in professional and commercial life, and secure of others to leave to enter public life because of the great personal and financial sacrifices which such a step would involve.

Yet it is of the utmost importance that Canada in its Federal Parliament, Government and Civil Service, and in its several Provinces, should obtain the benefit of the services of its most outstanding and best qualified citizens. The problems involved in framing legislation and in wise, economical and far-sighted administration call for their services.

Why is it that so many men of outstanding ability decline to enter public life, and why do so many men well qualified to fill responsible positions in the public service refuse to do so? There are various reasons, but among the outstanding ones two or three may be cited.

In private life men are largely their own masters. They can develop their own initiative, carry out their own plans, reap the rewards of their own successes, and are not subject to the interference of conflicting political and sectional interests, and constant petty criticism by political opponents, the press, and the public generally. To a high-spirited man of good intentions, such freedom of action is precious. In private life he can and does get results, in public service his best efforts are all too frequently nullified and the success of his work placed in jeopardy.

In public life men such as can command salaries commensurate with their abilities, services rendered and results achieved. But if a Government proposed to pay such men salaries of equal size to devote their abilities and energies in the public service, a line and cry would be heard from one end of the country to the other, and these men would have their names and every act bandied about from month to month and in the press. Such men do not have to put up with these things and therefore shy of accepting public positions, and their valuable services are lost to the country and the positions filled with less able and qualified men, with the result that the country suffers. This is the reason why so many enterprises succeed under private management and fail under public ownership and management.

A third reason which applies more particularly to members of Parliament, Legislatures and Governments is the belittling of these men and their efforts and holding them up before the public as objects of ridicule. For example, there are certain members of the Press Gallery at Ottawa writing special articles for magazines and well-known papers whose sole business it seems to be to poke fun at and belittle the people's representatives in the House of Commons. Admittedly these writers have a splendid command of language, they know how to use adjectives and write in a snappy and altogether interesting manner. Their articles are readable and are widely read and discussed. But they are wholly destructive in character. There is nothing constructive about them, and if people, in addition to reading them, accept them at face value, the only conclusion that can be reached is that the leaders in the Government and of the Opposition are either a lot of ninnyes and incompetents or buffoons. Seldom is any member credited with sincerity or patriotic motives. If certain action is taken which meets these writers' approval, then some gibber and afterword is credited with having been the inspiration of such action. The last thing these writers are willing to credit to the leaders in Canadian public life is a sincere desire to render public service.

Criticism of men in public life there must, and should be; it is desirable and healthy. But it should be fair. A man giving his life to public service welcomes fair, constructive criticism, but the style of articles which seem to find favor with the public today are unquestionably a detriment to many good men who would otherwise gladly give their services, even at a sacrifice, in the public life of Canada.

As a first essential to raising the standard of public life and service in Canada there must be a change in the viewpoint of the average citizen towards those men and women who are devoting their lives in the work of the country.

Live Fox Show

A live fox and for show, open to the world, is to be held in Charlottetown in 1925, according to a decision reached by the Silver Black Fox Breeders' Association at their annual meeting. The meeting expressed the opinion that inasmuch as the island was the cradle of the fox industry its capital city has the proper place for the holding of such an exhibition at which it is expected there will be several thousand animals on show.

Polygamy has been forbidden in Turkey, except in unusual cases which, perhaps, means when a man sees a new dizzy blonde.

Revenue From Creamery Butter

Creamery butter manufactured in Canada in 1924 amounted to 122,456,759 pounds, valued at \$56,894,008, an increase in quantity over the previous year of 10,654,859 pounds, and an increase in value of \$3,440,736, according to a report issued by the Bureau of Statistics. The production of creamery butter in 1924 exceeded in quantity the production of any previous year, and is exceeded in value only by that of 1920 when the average price per pound was 57 cents.

The new Oxford dictionary, 40 years in the making, defines 425,000 different words.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

A Harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups — No Narcotics!

Mother, Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for half a century to relieve babies and children of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of food; giving natural sleep without medicine. The genuine bears the signature of

Wm. D. Fletcher.

Broadcasting Motion Pictures

Test So Successful That Invention Is To Be Perfected

Experiments demonstrating the practicability of broadcasting motion pictures by wireless were conducted at the Mark Strand Hotel, New York, by W. H. Marshall, Secretary of Colonel E. H. R. Green, of South Plymouth, Mass.

Colonel Green, the son of Hettie Green, is a multimillionaire and the world's foremost amateur radio fan. He has been conducting experiments for eighteen months in specially built laboratories on his estate near Hazzard's Bay.

President Samuel W. Stratton, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology attended a test at which a motion picture was transmitted sixty feet by wireless. He was so impressed that he defied two experts from the Institute staff to assist Colonel Green in the perfection of the invention.

Marshall said Colonel Green had established the practicability of the device for sending short distances and was confident that in another year he would have a set suitable for general broadcasting of movies, even as music is broadcasted now.

The basis of the apparatus, he said, is similar to the device for transmitting still pictures through the air.

COLOR IT NEW WITH "DIAMOND DYES"

Beautiful home dyeing and tinting is guaranteed with Diamond Dyes. Just dip in cold water to tint, or dilute with shades, or boil to dye rich, permanent colors. Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her lingerie, ribbons, skirts, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings, everything new. Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods.



Completing Plans For Linking Up Empire

Big Dirigible Will Attempt Flight From London to India

Lack of airship bases in Canada makes the chance of any test flights across the Atlantic impossible, when the big empire scheme of linking up the outlying parts of the Dominion by the air route is put into operation. This was the statement made by an official of the air ministry, who declared that plans for the perfecting of the system were proceeding slowly but satisfactorily.

The big dirigible R-33 is reconditioning at Cardington, and as soon as the required tests have been made, it will make a trial of the route from Britain to India by way of Egypt. It is unlikely that the test of the new R-33 will be held before next year, but officers of the air service have stated openly that the R-33 is out of date and that any flight to India in it would not be a real test of the practicability of a regular service to India.

It is usually safe to say that when a child is past the first year of life, unless the cause is obvious, these parasites raze the stomach and intestines, causing serious disorders of the digestion and preventing the infant from deriving sustenance from food. Miller's Worm Powders, by destroying the worms, correct these faults of the digestion and serve to restore the organs to healthy action.

Heavy Wheat Yield

Winter wheat on dry land at the experimental farm at Lethbridge yielded 35 bushels per acre. One favored field went 45 bushels.

Hard and soft corns both yield to Holloway's Remedy. Rubbing richly entirely safe to use, and certain and satisfactory in its action.

Grooms Younger Than Brides

Statistics just completed in Switzerland show that the bridegrooms, on an average, are younger than the brides. The study covers many thousands of cases, in 8,400 cases the bridegrooms being ten years and in 2,552 cases sixteen years younger than the girls they married. Several cases were reported of boys 25 to 30 marrying women 75 to 80 years old.

Life is queer. There was all kinds of parking space when nobody had anything to park.

Leaves are unnecessary to the Angelica blossoms, a purple parasite which thrives on other plants.

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

ECZEMA RASH ON HANDS Itched and Burned. Cuticura Healed.

"Eczema broke out on my hands in a rash of red pimples. It itched and burned causing me to scratch. I could not put my hands in water, and I could not do my work very well. The trouble lasted about two months. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using it I got relief so purchased more, which completely healed me." (Signed) Miss Sarah Shulman, 255 Madison Ave., Toronto, Ontario.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum promote and maintain skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. The Soap to cleanse, the Ointment to heal and the Talcum to powder.

Sample Pack Free by Mail. Address: *Cuticura Dept., P. O. Box 3434, Montreal, Quebec.* Write for it today. *2009 Try our new Shaving Stick.*

World's Largest Airship

Giant Dirigible Part Payment of \$2,000,000 Delivered to U.S.

No ceremony is to mark acceptance of the ZR-3, the world's largest airship, when it is formally turned over to the United States by the German Government.

Delivery of the dirigible is regarded by Navy Department officials as the payment of a war debt and they do not believe there should be any show for such an occasion.

The huge size of the ZR-3 may be pictured by considering the dimensions of the hangar at Lakehurst where it will be housed, together with the Shenandoah. This hangar is the largest in the world and is of such enormous size that the capitol building at Washington could be placed inside except for a small portion of the dome. The Woolworth Building in New York, if laid on its side, could be covered by the hangar with plenty of room space.

The ship has many refinements of design, the result of almost 25 years' continuous effort on the part of the Zeppelin Company. The equipment and accommodations for passengers are complete and comfortable. The vessel has space for 20 passengers, sleeping accommodations comparable favorably with the finest American Pullman cars. These quarters are arranged in the main cabin, which is rigidly secured to the keel under the forward end of the ship. The passenger cabin is divided into a modern kitchen, equipped with electric stove, and the guests' room is divided into five compartments, each seating five persons, comfortably. Quarters are geographically located so that mechanics and others will at all times be near the scene of their duties.

The ship is also equipped with bow mooring equipment, so that it may be secured to a moor.

Being built on condition that it would not be used for military purposes, the ultimate fate of the ZR-3 is not known. It may possibly be sold by the Government to a commercial enterprise or may be turned over to the Post Office Department to use in the Air Mail Service.

Will Make Yearly Visit

Prince Will Visit Canadian Ranch Regularly Says London Paper

Canada is to have the privilege of welcoming the Prince of Wales every year, according to the London Star. The Star says: "Despite circumstantial reports to the contrary it may be taken for settled that when the Prince of Wales has visited South Africa next year he will bring his wanderings in distant parts of the world to a close for some years. While there is no doubt he would like to visit certain parts of South America, the demands upon his time at home are likely to become increasingly heavy in future, so that he will be kept almost constantly engaged in England. The bright exception will be a visit of a few weeks every year to his Canadian ranch."

The world eats 1,000 million dollars worth of fish yearly. A tremendous supply of food is going to waste in the ocean.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt—Permanent—Relief CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act sure but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—prevent indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Of Interest To Sportsmen

Shooting Restriction and Bag Limits For Western Provinces

Next to the observation of the shooting season themselves the most important factor for giving all hunters an equal chance to take game, and for giving all game a fair chance, is the observation of the bag limit and of certain simple shooting restrictions. Following the Migratory Bird Treaty such restrictions have been provided throughout Canada and the United States, and thus the hunters of both countries are given equal privileges while the game stock is conserved as well.

The bag limits follow:

Manitoba—Ducks, 20 before October 1, 30 after, and not more than 200 of all kinds in a season; geese, 10; brant, 15; rails, 25; Wilson snipe, 25.

Saskatchewan—Ducks, geese and brant, 20 of all kinds in one day and not more than 200 of all kinds in a season; rails, 25; black-bellied and golden plovers, greater and lesser yellow-legs, 15 of all kinds; Wilson snipe, 25.

Alberta—Ducks, 20 in one day and not more than 200 of all kinds in a season; geese, 15; brant, 15; rails, 25; black-bellied and golden plover, greater and lesser yellow-legs, 15 of all kinds; Wilson snipe, 25.

Shooting Restrictions—The use of automatic shot, or machine guns, or battery, or any gun larger than number 10 gauge is prohibited, and the use of any aeroplane, power boat, sail boat or night light and shooting from any horse-drawn or motor vehicle is forbidden.

The shooting of migratory game birds earlier than one hour before sunrise or later than one hour after sunset is prohibited.

Clark's Tomato Ketchup

Fish or roe, meats are greatly improved by a dash of Clark's Tomato Ketchup. Made from choice ripe tomatoes and pure spices. "Let the Clark Kitchens help you."

Look After the Children's Eyes

Many Children Are Retarded At School Through Poor Eyesight

Of 21,000,000 school children in the United States 6,000,000 are retarded in their studies. And of those 6,000,000 are retarded children, 2,000,000 are retarded because of defective eyesight. It is estimated that defective eyesight among school children costs American taxpayers \$120,000,000 a year.

While similar Canadian figures are not available, they are estimated to be relatively the same. In short, more than 8 per cent. of the school children on this continent labor under a mental handicap because their eyes are not working with maximum efficiency. Vancouver parents who have just started their children to school for another term should be very sure that those children are not entering upon their educational careers with a handicap of defective eyesight.

If the educational foundation laid in the first few years of school is not sound and solid, the whole mental development of the child may be crooked and insecure. Without good eyes that are sound, foundation cannot possibly be laid.—Vancouver Sun.

It will Prevent Ulcerated Throat.—At the first symptoms of sore throat, which prevents swallowing and induces pain, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to it if you make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to ulcers have this made themselves immune to attack.

Dairy Industry Flourishes

Big Increase in Production of Alberta Creameries

Nearly 25 per cent. increase is expected to be recorded this year in the production of Alberta creamery butter over the production of 1923. The production last season was 17,750,000 lbs. and this year should be approximately 22,000,000 lbs.

An increase of over 40 per cent. has already been shown in the creamery butter graded by the Government grading system in the seven months to the end of July. The total amount graded by the service last year was 14,617,170 lbs. during the seven months referred to, while the amount for the same period this year has been 6,586,324.

Irrigation Increases Yields

In the first year of the operation of the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation District some 20,000 acres have been under irrigation. In individual cases certain farmers irrigated as much as 200 acres. There are still 75,000 acres available for irrigation in this district.

Irrigation in certain sections of Alberta has been practiced for many years and is found to increase the average production of grain crops and to be very helpful in the production of alfalfa, corn, sunflowers, roots and vegetables.

W. N. U. 1543

BAKE YOUR OWN BREAD WITH

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

The standard of Quality for over 50 years



Western Grown Corn

Is Better Than Corn Coming From Illinois Grain Men Claimed

According to press dispatches from Vancouver, B.C., samples of Canadian corn were in the hands of some of the grain exporters there recently, not as a line for foreign shipment, but to show what Canadian practice corn is like. According to the grain experts it is even better than that coming into this country from Illinois. When United States corn gets too high for this market, the practice has been to balance the trade by importing it from Manchuria, but local grain men stated recently that if the area of Canadian fields in corn continues to expand annually as it has done in the past ten years there will be little necessity for corn. In 1923 the three western provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba produced corn crops amounting to 787,000 bushels valued at \$2,500,000.

RICH, PURE BLOOD RESISTS DISEASE

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make Rich Blood and Restore Health

"Thin, pale people lack the power of resistance to disease," that rich, red blood gives. Nervous weakness is the direct result of thin blood. So is anemia, indigestion, rheumatism and many other troubles. People suffering from thin, impure blood need just the help Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can give. For thirty-five years Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been world-famous as a blood builder and nerve restorer. Not only do they purify and enrich the blood, but they make new, rich, red blood which imparts fresh vigor and life to all the organs of the body. Their first effect is usually to stimulate the appetite; then the spirits revive, and restlessness at night gives way to health restoring sleep. For sufferers from anemia, nervousness, general weakness, digestive troubles, the after effects of acute diseases, mental or physical exhaustion, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a restorative of the utmost value. If you are weak or ailing give these pills a fair trial and the result is sure to be beneficial. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Some never realize how ignorant some of our leading citizens are until they are hauled up before an investigating committee.

The added healthful qualities of sea air may be attributed to the fact that sea air has more ozone than land air.

Sprains!

Avoid further pain and stiffness by rubbing with Minard's. It kills inflammation, soothes and heals.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT



Proven best Since 1857

Babies thrive on it!

FREE BABY BOOKS Write for them to Baby Welfare Books Limited, Montreal, for two Baby Welfare Books.

Corn Production An Interesting And Very Significant Feature Of Agricultural Progress

Corn has definitely taken its place as a fodder crop in Western Canada, and every year now confirms this. The establishment has been rapid. It is not many years since it was considered highly problematical that corn would ever be successfully grown in the prairie provinces. Upon the immediate success of a few enthusiastic experimenters has been speedily developed an annual crop that is coming to rank with other important crops of the area, and in the near which has existed for long of a fodder crop in Western Canada the influence of the corn crop is being indirectly felt in many phases of agriculture.

In 1922 the three prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta produced corn crops amounting to 751,000 tons, worth \$2,159,000, from 118,055 acres. In Manitoba, 32,233 acres produced at the rate of 7 tons per acre accounted for a production of 226,000 tons, which at an average price of \$1.70 per ton was worth \$1,060,000. In Saskatchewan, 61,314 acres, at an average of 4.95 tons per acre, produced 304,809 tons, worth \$525,200, or a total of \$1,585,200. Alberta devoted 24,508 acres to corn culture which averaged 4.65 tons to the acre, or a total of 251,500 tons, worth \$427,600 at the average price of \$3.30 per ton.

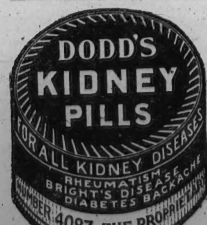
This may not seem a very impressive aggregate except when read in the light of the remarkable development in this culture. Five years ago the production of corn in Western Canada was but in its infancy. Since 1915 the average devoted to corn in Western Canada has increased by 1,559 per cent, and the average production per acre from 2.45 tons to over 5.50 tons. Corn production has become a sufficiently established industry for Western Canada to hold corn shows, and it is slowly effecting a general transformation in the nature of the landscape through the creation of silos on the farms of the area.

The present year is witnessing a greater stimulation than ever in corn production in Western Canada. It is estimated that 160,000 acres have been planted to this crop in the province of Saskatchewan and 100,000 acres in Southern Alberta. Taking these two provinces alone, a substantial increase in acreage is indicated, amounting to nearly fifty per cent over the year 1922. There is every probability of Manitoba's recording a somewhat similar increase.

Such agricultural features as corn growing associations and corn shows were undreamt of in Western Canada a few years ago. Associations for the promotion of corn growing and to hand together in mutual interest cultivators in the territories were formed in Alberta and Saskatchewan in 1922. In 1923 the first corn show ever held in Western Canada took place at Prince Albert, a city several hundred miles north of the International Boundary. In the fall of the year the first official corn show of Saskatchewan was held at Maple Creek, which drew together five hundred exhibitors and made altogether a very creditable showing. Now the first corn show of the province of Alberta has been set for November of the present year at Medicine Hat.

Corn production has probably been the most interesting and significant development of Western Canadian agricultural progress in the past decade. For years it was blindly accepted that the Western Canadian prairie would never produce corn, and that the line of production stopped definitely south of the International Boundary. Now corn is raised successfully at all points throughout the prairie provinces, and that raised as far as three hundred miles north of the border has been declared by Professor Chapman, who comes from the heart of the corn belt in the United States, to be the superior of that raised in North Dakota.

The famous Premier mine in South Africa has produced nearly \$100,000,000 worth of diamonds.



W. N. U. 1643

The Dutch In Canada

Prove To Be Most Desirable And Thrifty Settlers In This Land Of Opportunity

A member of the staff of The Amsterdam Telegraph has recently been in Western Canada taking notes for a number of newspapers in Holland of which he is the financial correspondent on this continent.

Speaking to a newspaperman in Montreal on his way back to New York, he said:

"I met a number of Dutch settlers in the neighborhood of Winnipeg and Calgary and found all of them well contented. I came across some farmers at Strattonville who had been there for the past eighteen years. They certainly offer a shining example in contrast with so many people who are only transients. Those who come into the country for two or three years, sell out and then move on again to some other part. As a matter of fact, the Dutch settler is usually most thorough. When he settles down it is his intention to make a home."

The story that this correspondent tells of the success and contentment of his fellow-countrymen located in the prairie provinces is about what anyone acquainted with the temperance of the Dutch people would expect.

Dutch are about the most industrious and thrifty people in Europe. They number roughly 7,000,000 and inhabit a country some 12,500 square miles in area—or less than one-twentieth the size of Saskatchewan. At one time they contested the supremacy of the seas with Great Britain. They still possess the remnants of a colonial empire, but their attention in recent years has been centred on developing their own country. Shipping and many lines of manufacturing are engaged in on an extensive scale, as well as farming and dairying. The people are sober and law-abiding, and a substantial increase in the number of Dutch settlers in this land of opportunity. They can be depended on to settle down and scratch gravel and found homes for themselves, where more flimsy temperaments would pull up stakes and move on.

Regina Post.

Alberta May Be Represented

May Put On A Display at Canadian National Exhibition Next Year

It is possible that Alberta will be represented at the Canadian National Exhibition in Toronto next year and all subsequent exhibitions by a permanent exhibit. Premier Greenfield favors such a move because of the publicity it would bring to the province, and he declares that the matter will be dealt with by the Government in due course. The display will feature coal, grain, dairy products, etc., and will be added to with new material each year.

All the provinces were invited by the management of the exhibition this year to take part in the big Toronto Fair by sending exhibits, which would be placed in one of the buildings on the fair grounds, and arranged in such a manner as to give a more truly national character to the display.

It was not found feasible by the Government to send an exhibit this year as the appropriation for publicity has become exhausted or is earmarked, but the question will be brought up when the estimates are being gone into for the 1925 expenditure—an appropriation will be made for the purpose.

Rust Laboratory

Manitoba Agricultural College has been practically decided upon as the site of a laboratory and greenhouse for the carrying on of rust eradication work, by a committee appointed at the rust conference comprised of Dr. Walter A. Murray, of Saskatoon; President J. A. McLean, of Manitoba University; R. M. Matheson, of the Board of Governors; Dr. Gussion, Dominion Botanist; Dr. W. B. Fraser, Plant Pathologist, from Saskatoon; Dr. D. L. Bailey, Professor W. C. T. Wolner and President C. H. Lee, of the M. A. C.

Turkish Women Lawyers

The first three Turkish women, who have obtained University law degrees have gone to Ankara to request their enrollment as magistrates. They say they will be more sympathetic than men on the bench.

Most things are governed by the law of supply and demand, but marriage mistakes isn't.

Scion Of Columbus



THE DUKE OF ALBA

Spanish nobleman, who also holds the Scottish title of Duke of Berwick. He is a direct descendant of James II. of England, and also of Christopher Columbus, discoverer of America. The Duke has recently made a tour through Canada.

Peace River District

Information Regarding Agricultural Conditions Contained in Government Reports

Sir Henry Thomson's remarks regarding agricultural prospects in the Peace River district will naturally attract attention to that section of Canada. More information will be sought, and probably no better way of obtaining it is forthcoming than that supplied by the reports of the Dominion Experimental Sub-Stations there located. Principal of these is the report of the superintendent at Beaverhead, Alta., Mr. W. D. Albright, who goes fully into the conditions prevailing in the Peace River district in 1922, the year that the publication occurs.

Relative to the keeping of livestock, to which Sir Henry especially referred, Mr. Albright says: "Initial experimental work with 24 cattle and 88 hogs confirmed the dictum of experience, that, with proper methods, Peace River conditions are well adapted to the economical feeding of both these classes of animals. Cattle fattened well in an open front pole and sturdy shed. Those receiving shure made a little more efficient use of their feed, that twelve that had finished on the staple roughage, sheep oats, with a very small meat ration and a very little hay, improved their carcasses in performance. That would compare creditably with results in any climate or almost any fodder. Mr. Albright adds: "The busiest livestock on the station was a colony of bees, which built up from forty-two pounds in the latter part of July to seventy-three pounds in August."

Most encouraging results have been experienced at the sub-station in the economical production of suitable feeds for livestock, such as sheep, hogs, hay, rice pasture and feed grains. The report, it might be added, is not confined to 1922, but contains seasonal notes on preceding years, as well as results obtained in the cultivation of all kinds of cereals and vegetables, and several varieties of flowers and fruit.

Clock Tower Attracts Bees

English School Visited Every Year By Fresh Swarm

The school clock tower at Michels- ever, Hants, England, is for some reason a favorite dwelling place for bees. For at least 30 years swarms of bees have made the tower their home, and although from time to time they have been killed, the place carefully distended, and the hole they have made in the clock face filled with cement, a fresh swarm has always come every year and eaten through the cement to the old spot. Last year they swarmed on the window of a house opposite, and made their way inside the wall through some old woodwork. They were removed in the autumn, and this place also was cemented, but a new lot of bees have arrived and taken up the same position as the old ones. A bucketful of honey was taken from the clock tower the last time it was cleared amounted to some hundredweights.

Brazil Is Wonderful Country

Brazil is an enormous country comprising every zone save the Arctic and capable of producing all the fruits of the earth. This country, nearly the size of the whole of Europe, has a population not more than one-fourth that of the United States.

Alberta Butter Wins Prizes

Alberta creamery butter was prominent in the prize lists of the Vancouver and Victoria exhibitions recently, when exhibits from this province captured a number of prizes in the first, second and third classes, in open competition.

Growing Timothy Seed In Northern District

Conditions In Carrot River District Very Suitable For Experiment

Interesting work in the growing of timothy seed in the Carrot River district, that great stretch of country east of Prince Albert, has been undertaken by the Department of Agriculture of the province of Saskatchewan, co-operating with the University. Soil conditions and precipitation in that district make it particularly suitable for this experiment, which, if it turns out as is expected, will make a valuable crop for the farms and will work in well with their system of rotation.

Last year the experiment was started. Forty-five selected farmers each put in a plot of five acres. The experiment includes the testing out of the best nurse crops, and best systems of seeding. This year there are some seventy-five plots under experiment. All of the farmers carrying on the work are members of the Saskatchewan Field Husbandry Association. Timothy has been successfully grown in the Carrot River country by several of the oldtimers, but no observations of the growth of the seed in being kept regarding the best nurse crops, the precipitation, the bearing of seed and the effect of the native weeds. The plots are inspected each spring and fall by the director of co-operative experiments.

Last year, being an exceptionally good one for seedling down, splendid results were obtained. The best catches resulted from the use of barley, wheat and sixty-day oats. Where Victory and Banner oats were used there was a tendency to smother out the timothy.

Professor Champlin, of the University of Saskatchewan, directs the work, and the province finances it. He buys the seed, distributes it and provides the inspector. The demand for good timothy seed in the east and in the States ensures that this will be a valuable crop if the final results are satisfactory. The experiment will be carried on over a period of three to five years.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Fur Trade Puts Into Pockets Of Trappers and Traders Millions Of Dollars Annually

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

The demand for furs of all kinds puts into the pockets of trappers and fur traders millions of dollars annually. Until the trapping season, or what is called the "furbest" time in the fur trade these furs have cost nothing.

It should not be forgotten that the natural and ordinary food of fur animals consists mainly of materials for which mankind has little or no use, and that certain of these animals render by their fur a positive service by ridding the orchards, fields and pastures of some of the worst pests infesting them.

The advance of settlement is driving the major fur-bearers farther back, improved methods of capture have greatly increased the takings of wild life, while the increased prices for furs since the war have multiplied the number of those who make trapping their main employment and of farmers and others who augment their income from this source.

The annual toll taken of wild life in Canada amounts to over four million animals. In the 1921-22 season the number was 4,266,780. Of these 3,060,526 were muskrats. Beaver accounted for 232,134, the next highest in point of numbers of any of the animals taken. While muskrats were represented by 205,624, while skunk amounted to 133,213 pelts.

The draining of marsh lands is having a serious effect upon the supply of muskrat, while the number of uses being made of this fur is increasing. Fortunately the muskrat is a prolific species and its range is widespread. Fur-farming of many of the more popular fur animals is making advances, and with the demand increasing the domestic rearing of muskrat, skunk, beaver, mink and others should be a commercial success.

He Said He Was a Singer

A countryman with a local reputation as a vocalist attended a dinner and was asked to sing. Although he had no music with him and was as hoarse as a frog, he consented to try but broke down.

"Never the mind, lad," said an elderly guest, trying to cheer him up; "never mind the breakdown, for there's done thy best. But the fellow as asked thee to sing ought to be shot."

Mohammedan Population

According to the recent estimates of Dr. S. M. Zwemer, the well-known missionary to the Moslems, the total Mohammedan population of the world is 234,814,832. Of these, 105,722,000 are under British rule and 14,432,000 in the protectorates and colonies of the other western governments. The number of Moslems in British India and its dependencies is 70,000,000.

Is Confidently Predicted That Stabilizing Influences Will Tend To Increase Value Of Farm Land

A Turkey Pool

Pools For Marketing Dressed and Live Turkeys In Saskatchewan

Two new pools for the marketing of dressed and live turkeys in Saskatchewan are to be established immediately to give producers an opportunity of marketing their birds on a graded basis under the co-operative pooling plan.

Hon. C. M. Hamilton, Minister of Agriculture, in making the announcement, said the marketing and co-operative branch of his department, acting in conjunction with the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, has made arrangements for one pool to market dressed turkeys direct from country points and for a second pool to market live turkeys through the various killing stations of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries, Limited.

"An agreement has just been concluded whereby the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries, Limited, will act as the marketing and selling agency," said Mr. Hamilton. "The creameries of Regina, Saskatoon, North Battleford, Melfort, Yorkton, Weyburn and Melville, each of which have cold storage facilities, will be used for properly chilling the birds before shipping."

"A. P. McLean, general manager of the co-operative creameries, will act as sales manager for both pools with an advisory committee comprised of Mrs. John Holmes, markets convenor of the S.G.A., and W. Waldron, acting markets coplanist."

"We shall," added Mr. Hamilton, "in conjunction with the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, attend to all organization work in connection with the pools. In addition, inspectors from the department will provide demonstrations in killing and dressing for those points where the producers desire to ship dressed birds. We also propose to hold a school of instruction in November for men who will be sent out to grade the various shipments. We expect, too, that it will be possible to make an advance on the cars shipped, but this is a point that will be decided by Mr. McLean and the committee."

Asked as to the possibilities of forming an egg pool along similar lines, Mr. Hamilton said the idea seemed quite feasible and that officials of his department would give consideration to the matter during the winter.

Damage From Insect Pests

Becoming a Serious Menace to Crops and Foliage

Insect pests are a more serious menace to Saskatchewan's crops, natural forests and the shelter belts of trees and shrubs this year than at any other time since the province was set up, according to data collected by the Provincial Department of Agriculture. Forest tent caterpillars wrought havoc on the first foliage of trees during June in the Qu'Appelle valley and surrounding localities, as well as in other scattered localities all the way from Manitoba to the Peace River district.

Wheat crops have suffered from wire worms in many districts this year. On some of the older lands the damage is serious.

Cutworms are now found attacking flax and sweet clover, trimming the leaves and clipping the seed pods of the plants. Only two or three districts are apparently affected by this new menace, which appears to be dangerous and on the increase.

Wheat stem sawfly has done considerable damage in the southern part of Saskatchewan this year. Isolated fields have had upwards of 50 per cent of the crop affected by the larvae, but the pest is not as general as it was last year.

Many species of plant aphids have clustered the twigs and leaves of domestic shade trees and shrubbery, garden vegetables. Potato bugs have spread over most of the provinces. Except in a few small districts, where the damage was negligible, the grasshopper menace has passed.

Slightly Confusing

The clergyman, absorbed in thinking put a sermon, rounded a turn in the path and saw a woman. He swept off his hat with a flourish, exclaiming: "I beg your pardon, madam."

Then he observed his error, and was annoyed. Soon, however, again engaged with thoughts of the sermon, he collided with a woman at another bend of the path.

"Get out of the way, you brute!" he said. "Don't leave slander lying around where it will twist the tongue of a gossip."

According to various agricultural authorities farm-land prices in Canada are as low at the present time as they are ever likely to be. Since 1920, according to figures of the Census and Statistics Branch of the Dominion Government, land values in Western Canada have decreased by twenty-five per cent. This Government return takes the estimate only up to June, 1923. Since that time land values in the Dominion, according to popular estimate, have further declined, and these are probably now as low as in 1916, the year in which farm lands began their advance due to the high war prices received for farm products. Within the year, it is further estimated, with the anticipated adjustment of farm products and manufactured commodities prices, farm land values will again advance. The present year, therefore, is a particularly advantageous one for land purchase and settlement.

Taking Canada as a whole, the average value of farm land in Canada was at the time of the return back where it was in 1915, and since then it has reached in 1920 there has been a decline of 23 per cent. Allowance must be made for a yet further decrease between June, 1923, and the present time. In Prince Edward Island the value is where it stood in 1919; in Nova Scotia in 1915; in New Brunswick 1919; in Quebec 1917; in Ontario 1918; in Manitoba 1910; in Saskatchewan 1915; in Alberta 1916; whilst in British Columbia one has to go back to 1910 to find the same low level of price.

Farm land values fluctuate with the prices obtainable for agricultural products, and when both are low in Canada it will usually be found that a similar situation obtains in other large agriculturally producing areas. The remarkable feature, then disclosed in a comparison is that farm land of this fertility and proven productive quality can be obtained at a reasonable price; for it is to be borne in mind that the farm land prices quoted have reference to areas at least partially under cultivation. Prices obtainable for most farm products in 1924 were the lowest reached for years and yet an acre of Alberta land worth on an average \$24.15 now to what returned an average of 28 bushels sold at 65c per bushel or \$18, and to oats 50 bushels at 24c a bushel or \$12.00. The same average acre of occupied farm land in Saskatchewan would return 19.75 bushels of wheat at 65c per bushel or a total of \$12.83, or to oats 45.25 bushels at 25c per bushel or a total of \$11.31.

Together with other features of the national life, farm land values are recovering from the effects of war inflation and post-war depression. The factor which will effect their rise in the future will be that which was accountable for a steady ascendancy in prices before the war, the increase of settlement and the consequent diminution of available supply. Probably no country in its colonization history recorded such a rapid steady and consistent rise in farm land values as Canada's record up to 1914 shows, which was merely the mirror of continuous settlement. This factor is once more being felt after the readjustment which has come about. An increase in values is foreshadowed for the end of the present year, which makes the present peculiarly propitious for the purchase of Canadian farm lands.

Making It Clear

A sightseer noticed an aged rustic sitting before his cottage, and inquired: "Have you always lived here?"

"Sir?" "Have you always lived here?" The farmer was still looking blank when Aunt Sarah appeared in the cottage door and explained to her spouse: "What for you don't understand, Silas? He means: Did you live here before you were born, or was you born after you moved here?"

A Hotel Sunday School

The William Penn Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pa., has established a non-sectarian Sunday School session for its employees and guests who wish to attend. It is conducted under the direction of Prof. Carmichael Johnston, an elder in the Presbyterian Church. A large attendance was reported from the first session on July 6.

The famous philosopher, Pythagoras, was credited by the ancients with possessing the faculty of foretelling storms, earthquakes and similar catastrophes.

Miss Peppery.—She says you appear to have a habit of telling all you know. Cholly.—Fawney? Why I never met her till last evening, and then it was only for five minutes. Miss Peppery.—Well!

The Alberta Oil Gazette
Irma, Alberta, Canada

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H. G. THUNELL, Publisher H. W. LOVE, Editor

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Dec. 5 for S.S. Minnedosa sailing Dec. 10 to Cher-
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Dec. 11 for S.S. Montclair sailing Dec. 16 to Liv'p'l

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SALE AND REDEMPTION OF IM- POUNDED ANIMALS (Sec. 48)

Notice is hereby given under Section
48 of The Domestic Animals Act
(Municipalities) that:

One Red Steer, 2 years old, no visible
brand, bobbed tail, lump on left
hind leg, was impounded in the pound
kept by John Watson located on the
S. E. Qr. of 22-46-9 with on Thurs-
day the 6th day of November, A.D. 1924,
and that the said animal was sold on
the 17th day of November, 1924 to
R. McPherson of Irma, Alberta.
—and that said animal may be re-
deemed by the owner or on his be-
half within a period of thirty days
from the publication of this notice
in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment
of all fees and costs due to the mun-
cipality and the purchaser of said
animal.

For information apply to the under-
signed.

R. J. TATE, Secy-Treas. of the
Municipality of Battle River No. 423,
Post Office, Irma, Alta.

Viking

Bud Evans appeared on Monday last
before H. B. Collier, J. P., charged
with being in unlawful possession of a
bottle of beer. He pleaded guilty
and was fined the minimum fine of
\$20.00 and costs. It appears that he
had corked up a bottle of beer that
he had purchased in the beer parlor
and had taken it away with him off
the premises and Const. Warrior found
it in his possession.

He was also charged with assault-
ing J. E. Ash to which he also pleaded
guilty and was fined for this offence
the sum of \$1.00 and costs. The as-
sault apparently arose from past dif-
ferences between the two over the
renting of Mr. Ash's farm by Evans
some time ago.

Viking can boast of the classiest
and most up-to-date town pump house
in the province, perhaps in the west.
The Village dads have just had a new
well drilled, a new house built over it,
lighted by electricity and yesterday a
gas stove was installed to keep the
place warm. Some class to the town
pump.

His Honor Judge Taylor presided
over the Court of Confirmation of the
Drainage Rate Enforcement Return of
the Viking Drainage District held in
the Town Hall Monday evening Nov-
ember 24th, and heard appeals and ob-
jections against confirmation of the
rates on several properties.

After the court was over Mr. Charl-
esworth explained to the ratepayers
present what matters would probab-
ly be considered and covered by the
investigation and report to be made
by Mr. McCubbin, the Ontario Engi-
neer into the affairs of the Viking and
other drainage schemes in the prov-
ince. The engineer is to be given wide
powers and will probably determine
the amount of benefit actually re-
ceived by each quarter section from
the drainage scheme within the dis-
trict.

Miss Edna Reed, dramatic soprano,
of Edmonton, gave a recital in Jen-
sens hall last Friday evening in con-
junction with a drive for funds in be-
half of the Trail Rangers. This re-
cital was advertised as the musical
treat of the season and it was all that
and more. Miss Reed was enthusias-
tically received and roundly applauded
at each appearance on the stage. Her
repertoire was composed of a varied
number of selections such as "Villan-
elle", "The Swallows", "Break O'
Day", "The Piper of Love", "Daddy's
Sweetheart", "Fiddle and L", and a
number of old favorites. She was in
excellent voice and sang her num-
bers with a flexibility and charm of
style that was captivating. She also
revealed talent as a pianist and reader
in the humorous number "The Village
Concert."

Some very excellent numbers by lo-
cal talent were also greatly enjoyed,
among them being a violin solo by our
old friend Mr. Geo. Barker, of Bruce,
accompanied by Mrs. Barker at the
piano. Another pleasant surprise was
a piano duet by two young artists,
Master Buzz and Miss Dorothy Jones,
playing a selection entitled "The
Sleigh Bells," with dexterity and real
brilliance. Their performance was
greeted with a storm of applause and
they returned to the stage and fa-
vored with an encore. A reading "Ole
Bull's Christmas," by Mrs. Burgess,
displayed a versatile and interesting
selection. Mr. Basil Hilliker gave a
cornet solo which for execution and
tonal qualities showed a mastery of
his instrument. Mrs. R. Upton, A.T.
C.M., played the accompaniments for
Miss Reed and Mr. Hilliker with a
grace and charm that was a delight
to the audience and the artists.

The Ladies Curling Club met in the
town hall last Saturday night and
organized for the coming season. Mrs.
W. H. Collier is president, Mrs. C. G.
Purvis, vice-president, Mrs. H. P.
Stock, secretary-treasurer, and mem-
bers of the executive committee are
Mrs. N. C. Graham and Mrs. W. Mc-
Athey.

The skips appointed were Mrs. Jas.
C. Hennessey, Mrs. W. H. Collier, Mrs.
Robinson, Mrs. J. L. Slavik, and Mrs.
Angus Ross.

The rink will be chosen this even-
ing, and curling commence Monday
evening, December 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Britton and son
Carl left on the Flyer Monday even-
ing for their future home in Tracy,
California. Mr. and Mrs. Britton
have been residents of Viking about
18 years and leave many old time
friends in this district. Mrs. Britton
was a great helper in Red Cross,
Church and Institute work until her
late illness and her co-workers hope
that she will be much benefited in
her new home.

Before leaving for California, Mrs.
Irwin Britton was presented with a
gift from her old friends in the W.
C. T. U. Mrs. Britton was a pioneer
member of this organization and her
interest in its work has never wavered
though more recently she has been
unable to participate in its activities
as fully as in the early days, when
she was one of its most active offi-
cers.

DR. W. L. McMACHEN

Dental Surgeon

—Will be at Irma on Friday,
each week over Larson's store.

DR. H. L. COURSIER

Dental Surgeon

Post. Grad. in Block Anesthesia,
Plate and Bridge Work.
Appointments by mail for out of town
patients.

At Edgerton Thursday.

At Irma Tuesday.

Wainwright, Alta.

IRMA LODGE No. 56

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 1st and 3rd Tuesday
in each Month, in Larson's Hall.
J. G. Hedley, N. G.
A. K. Madsen, V. G.
Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary.

IRMA REBEKAH LODGE No. 8

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday
in each month in Larson's Hall.
D. L. Tate, N. G.
S. Mathison, V. C.
I. C. Knudson, Secretary.

IRMA L. O. L. 2066

Meets the last Thursday in each
month in Larson's Hall, Irma.
Visiting Orangemen always wel-
come.

D. Glasgow, W. M.
Fred W. Watkinson, R. S.
M. K. McCleod, F. S.

IF YOU INTEND HOLDING AN
AUCTION SALE, OR HAVE
CATTLE OR HOGS TO SHIP
SEE ME

J. W. SUART
WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA
For Sale dates in Irma district see
R. J. Tate, Irma.

**Edmonton Rubber Stamp
Co., Ltd.**

Makers of
RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS
10118—1022nd St., Edmonton

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

STAR OF IRMA 1036

Meets 1st Thursday in each month
in Larson's Hall.
John Watson, W. P.
Fred W. Watkinson, Reg.

C. G. PURVIS,
Barrister, Solicitor, & Notary
IN IRMA EVERY FRIDAY

IRMA POOL ROOM

and
BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOS
CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

J. A. HEDLEY
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Rates \$1.00 up Phone 6101

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STORIES
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THE HOME OF SERVICE
AND COMFORT

First-Class Cafe.

Free Bus to and from all
Trains
R. E. NOBLE, Mgr.

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WATCH REPAIRS BY MAIL
10212 JASPER AVE. EDMONTON

CLUBBING OFFER.

For a short time we offer The Irma
Times and The Edmonton Journal
Farm Weekly both for one year for
\$2.50. This is your chance to get two
papers almost for the price of one.

Here's Lighter Weight—Longer Wear—Better Value

Wearing rubbers all day is tiresome, but since rubbers are necessary, why not wear RHINO Rubber Footwear? Each pair combines the least weight with the longest possible wear?

This longer life is built into each pair with RHINO rubber, pressure cured, and extra strength where the wear comes. See the heavy ribbing under the laces. This is only one of the many special features that make it possible for us to back up the sweeping guarantee on every pair—

"Compare the Wear"

LIDEN'S LIMITED.
Irma, Alberta



POULTRY CAR HERE ON THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4th

We will have a Poultry Car at Irma on above date. By shipping your poultry on this date, you will save heavy express charges and realize full market value.

IRMA CREAMERY
PAT BURNS & Co.

CHANGING SEED GRAIN

A common question asked by farmers is, "Does it pay to change seed?" The inference here is that where the same seed has been used on the same farm for a few years, it may deteriorate in its ability to produce a profitable crop. It is also a common belief that one operating a farm characterized by relatively light soil should obtain his seed frequently, from a crop which is produced on soil of a heavier character, and vice versa. Some authorities have scoffed at the idea that a change of seed is ever necessary. They argue that seed grown year after year in a district must of necessity become acclimatized and better adapted to the soil conditions of that district. It is safe to say that many farmers have followed this advice to their financial loss. Investigation and observation have revealed the fact that it is not possible to lay down any definite rule as to when seed should be changed. It is obvious that certain circumstances may arise to make the change of seed appear imperative, even to the casual observer. For instance, a crop may be so badly damaged through lack of moisture or by some condition which has forced premature ripening, as to cause the resulting grain to be very light and poor. Under such circumstances, it would, of course, be folly to think of using this grain for seed. This, however, is an extreme case. The problem to determine is whether, under normal circumstances, one may expect a larger crop from the use of seed grown elsewhere than on the farm on which it is intended to be used. Without going into detail, one may safely follow the rule to change seed only when seed may be obtained

which possesses a higher degree of development and vigour than the home-grown. This is assuming that the home-grown seed belongs to a suitable variety for the district and is free from noxious impurities. If these latter provisions are not complied with, the seed, of course, should not be used under any circumstances. Farmers who contemplate changing their seed and whose seed is reasonably good, at present, would be well-advised to procure some first class registered seed through the Canadian Seed Growers' Association at Ottawa and test this in comparison with their own. This is a relatively inexpensive practice which might well be adopted periodically by every farmer and with all classes of crop.

"So you married at last," said one young man here meeting another on the street, "allow me to congratulate you, for I hear you have a very accomplished wife." "I have, indeed," replied the Benedict, "She is certainly accomplished. Why she is perfectly at home in literature; at home in art; at home in science—in short at home everywhere, except—" "Except what?" the friend asked. "Except at home," was the reply.

"Your breath smells of liquor," declared a local housewife when her husband arrived home the other evening and fondly kissed her, as is the custom of all the married men in the town. "That's funny," he declared. "It didn't taste like liquor."

Teacher—"Who were the three wise men?"
Pupil—"Stop, Look and Listen."

"Say, son, who is that wild looking girl I seen you with at the show last night?" asked a fond parent here of his boy. "Why, Dad, she ain't wild," he replied, "She's so tame she likes to be petted."

"Oh, mother, I've just captured the booby," gushed a sweet young thing coming out of the room where a social card party here was in progress. "Is that so," the mother observed. "Bring him out here so we can congratulate both of you."

Farmers and townspeople having sundry articles for which they have no immediate use, overlook a good opportunity of turning the same into cash by not making use of Want Ads. The wide circulation of the local paper ensures somebody, somewhere, who wants just what you have to dispose of, seeing your advertisement. Look around, see what you have that is of timely use, and advertise it in this column. It is the cheapest and surest method of cashing in on a lot of miscellaneous articles, that you are not using; many have tried this—and

Main Street.

Mr. T. Yarr is leaving Friday for a three months trip to Ireland.

Mr. Joe Carrington was a visitor in Edmonton this week.

Mr. Ed. Huffman was a visitor at Wainwright Tuesday.

Mr. A. K. Madsen, manager of the local Creamery is around again after a sick spell of ten days.

The brother and sisters who have been visiting Mrs. Tom Rome returned to Ontario, Wednesday.

Mrs. C. W. Lattimer, returned Monday after an extended trip to see her mother in Washington.

Mrs. G. A. Sisson returned Saturday night after spending the week in Edmonton.

Mrs. N. E. Moor of Athabasca, is visiting her daughter Mrs. Geo. Rubnack, south of Strawberry Plains.

Mrs. W. G. Jackson is having a sale of her household effects on Saturday, December 6th.

The Farmers Mutual Lumber Co., will have another car of Nut Coal in a few days. Be sure to get some of this.

Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. E. L. Elford, Thursday afternoon. The next meeting will be with Mrs. P. J. Hardy.

Albert J. Barker of the Albert district left on Wednesday's train to undergo an operation in the Strathcona Hospital.

Mrs. H. Bouch and family of Health is spending a three weeks vacation with her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Peterson.

For best value in Coal go to the Farmers Mutual Lumber Co., Pemmiana, Bush Mine, Headlight and Marcus.

The Irma Rink Committee intend holding a dance in Lazen's Hall next Wednesday evening. Good music is being provided and a good time is assured.

Mr. M. M. Cook, Superintendent of the U. G. Grain Co., left for home Saturday night after installing L. A. Schon as manager in the local elevator.

Local stores are getting in their Xmas stocks and the goods are of excellent variety and quality. Christmas shoppers will find their wants well supplied and the prices right.

The Irma Ladies Aid have set Saturday, December 13th as the date for their big Bazaar and sale of home cooking. The ladies will be pleased to receive any articles either in the line of cooking or wearing apparel that they can offer for sale at this date.

Mr. Robert Foreman and family, late of Gilbert Plains, Manitoba have moved to the Irma district where they intend putting in a crop next spring. Mr. and Mrs. Foreman are parents of Mrs. Milton Ross and for the present they are living on the Peterson farm just east of where Mr. Ross lives. Poor crops and weeds have induced Mr. Foreman to try his luck in a new country.

About forty residents of the Alma Mater district met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Fischer last Friday night and held a surprise for Mrs. D. Ambler, who intends leaving in a week or so to take up her home in Edmonton. Mrs. Ambler will be greatly missed from the district where she has taken a very great interest in both Church and School work. Before leaving several of those present expressed their best wishes for Mrs. Ambler and her family in their new home and a suitable presentation was made.

T. Slipper tried conclusions with a five ton engine at the beginning of the week, the engine got the best of it and it didn't seem to have any bad effect on the wheel of same, but Tom's foot which was under the wheel got jammed a little and the big toe of the left foot was practically cut off. Neighbors rushed him to town in a hurry and the doctor finished the job and took 'em toe off right, but we don't need to worry about a little thing like that says Tom.

Word reached Irma last Monday morning that T. A. Liden's sister, Vera had passed away Sunday afternoon in the Sanitarium at Calgary. Miss Liden was taken to the Sanitarium for treatment last August and has gradually grown weaker ever since. T. A. received word last week that his sister was worse and left for Calgary to be with her. Mrs. Liden left Tuesday morning to attend the funeral which was held at Edburg, Wednesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Liden are expected back in Irma the last of the week.

J. C. McFarland & Co., Irma

STANFIELD'S



WOMEN'S FINE

Oxford Combinations

Made from Cream Colored Yarns that are Warm and Durable. A Soft Fleece Nap next the body.

Per Garment \$2.45

WOMEN'S STANFIELD

Cotton & Wool Combinat'ns

A Good Warm Garment that is Exceptionally Durable—Short Sleeve and outside lengths.

Per Garment \$4.00

Oxford Blankets

Another shipment of those "Oxford" Three Point Blankets in Scarlet and in Green.

Extra Value Per Pair \$10.00

Girls Bloomers

Girls Heavy Grey Fleece lined Bloomer, a good weight cloth with an extra Heavy Fleece. A Warm Long Wearing garment. All sizes at 30c

Men's Overcoats

A Special Line of Men's Heavy Plaid Back Coats. Made from Particularly Fine Even Coatings in the Most Attractive shades, and Nicely Finished Cloths. Properly tailored so they look right and wear right. Lined from the waist up with Fine Glove Leather, making them Warm and Durable. Very Special Value at \$27.00

Groceries

These Fresh New Xmas Groceries make those Cakes and Puddings a Success.

Fancy Quality Sunmaid Seeded Raisins 2 lbs 35c
Fancy Quality Sunmaid Seedless Raisins 2 lbs 35c
4 lb. Pkt. Market Day Special
Seedless Raisins 60c
Fancy Patras Currants 2 lb. 45c
Fancy Glace Cherries 45c Pkt.
Batgers Best English Mixed Peel 1 lb. 45c
Batgers Best English Citron Peel 1 lb. 70c

Best Quality Domestic Citron Peel 1 lb. 55c
Choice Bleached Sultanias 2 lb. 45c
Ground Sweet Almonds 50c Pkt.
Best Grade Moist Almond Paste 90c lb.
Extra Fancy Shelled Walnut Halves Per lb. 70c
Fancy Shelled Walnut Halves Per lb. 60c
Broken Shelled Walnut Halves Per lb. 50c

CLEARING OUT

'AUCTION SALE

Having been instructed by the owner I will sell by public Auction the following stock and Effects at

N. W. SEC. 2-46-9-4th Mer.

Known as the Brooks Farm, 1 1-2 miles North of Irma

Wednesday, December 3rd

HORSES

Bay mare aged; bay horse, 6 yrs old; brown mare 6 yrs old; grey mare aged; bay mare 4 yrs old; black colt ris. 2

CATTLE

Two good milch cows; three yearling heifers; one heifer calf; six ducks.

HARNESS

2 sets new army harness; set good single harness; saddle and bridle.

IMPLEMENTS

Full line of implements and miscellaneous farm tools.

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS

Full line of household goods, including Mason & Risch Piano; Columbia gramophone and 50 records' dishes, etc

TERMS CASH—Settlement must be made on day of sale before removal of goods.

Lunch at 11.30 A. M.

Sale immediately after

ALBERT HUGHES
Proprietor

J. W. STUART
Auctioneer.

Shop Early—Shop in Irma

Irma Skating Rink

Now Ready

GOOD ICE
GOOD LIGHT
HEATED WAITING ROOM

For Season's tickets—

—See—
Mr. BEARISTO

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

FOR
**HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
KIDNEYS, LIVER,
BOWELS.**

NEVER FIRE FIRST

— BY —
JAMES FRENCH DORRANCE
Co-Author of "Get Your Man,"
"Glory Rides the Range," Etc.
(Serial Rights Arranged Through
F. D. Goodrich, Publishers,
Toronto)

(Continued)

This question was as natural as Seymour's own, but the manner in which it was asked put an edge on it. Since Hart had appropriated his name along with his uniform, he could not answer truthfully without having himself open to a further question than he proposed to make at that moment.

"As for that, where you'll be shaped back."

"I'm Deputy Coroner Samuel Hartley," the speech was pompous; so was his turning back of a coat lapel to exhibit a nickel-plated badge of office. "I'm also deputy sheriff and represent the law of British Columbia in Gold."

Seymour had suspected his interrogator's identity; was ready with his "Glory to meet you here, what you're doing."

"And I've got authority to make you answer my questions," piped the deputy. "Where you from and what's your business?"

"From the Caribon country by way of the Old Sam trail," Seymour answered truthfully enough. "There's my outfit." He jerked his thumb over his shoulder toward the pack horse which stood with its head in the equipment in broadside view. "That tells you what my business is."

"The ready to move in. What you know about this murder?"

The sergeant wished he knew just how the Duperow girl stood in this matter. Probably, for reasons of her own, she had gone on before any of the town party had arrived—possibly because she had heard them coming. If any of the men had seen her, it seemed evident that she had not mentioned his participation in the discovery, which was being the buck on the case. Yet, after all her seeming frankness and her keen personal interest in the victim, she had not said a word. Since he could not answer that mental query, he decided on reticence. In answering the deputy's spoken one, "I don't know anything about it," he replied with no appreciable delay, although without accounting the "know," as he should have done, strictly truth.

"Queer yet," should come ambling along with Seymour of the Royal Mounted in the road, and yet cold," grumbled Hartley. "Yes, str— it looks right over to me. I think I'd better take you along with me."

Seymour bent down on him with a most direct glance, the blue of his eyes almost black in their intensity—black as the car's. "I don't know why he was forced to look for exact facts. 'And I think you'd better do nothing of the sort—on my part, as a Canadian citizen, I have and know my rights.'"

The sergeant, of course, was running a sheer bluff. The provincial officer might have placed him under arrest; but to suffer detention was not in Seymour's program for relief from it. Probably would require the disclosing of his identity at a time when he felt he could work more advantage under cover. In the brief moment of their roadside controversy, he had "gazed" his man and believed him one who would yield to a stronger will without other than a vulgar demonstration.

But he did not have time to prove his estimate of Hartley. Aid or interference—whichever way one looked at it—came from an unexpected quarter.

FOR JOY OF GOOD HEALTH

Manitoba Woman Thanks Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Crandall, Manitoba.—"When I was a young girl at home and working I had terrible pains, almost more than I could bear, and I was not a day without troubles kept me so tired all the time that I had no strength and no ambition to join in with my friends and have a good time. I was so tired and miserable always and life just seemed as if it wasn't worth living. I saw so much in the papers about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then I had a friend who had taken it and told me about it, so I got it and took it and after taking it I got stronger and I soon did not suffer every minute. It stopped the pains and helped me. Then when my babies were coming I was tired and worn out the first three months and ached badly. I took the Vegetable Compound right along and must say it made a new woman of me and able to do my work, and it helped through confinement. You see I am a farmer's wife with a big house to look after, and three babies now. I have told over so many women about your medicine. Just last week I got a letter from my old chum in the East. Her baby was born fifteen days before mine and she told me she was not feeling very well, her back ached so much, and that she was going to take the same medicine I took. You can use my letter and I hope some day will be helped by it."—Mrs. Jos. H. Kim, Box 56, Crandall, Manitoba.

W. N. D. 1542

"The stranger's right, Sam," spoke a handsome, blond-haired chap with a look of intelligence recommended him to Seymour as above average. "You haven't any call to arrest him just because he happened along a public trail at an unlucky moment. Far as that goes, you might better arrest yourself."

"What you driving at, Phil Brewster?" demanded Hartley, looking across at the stranger's gaze and turning on his fellow townsman. "Are you hinting that I had any hand in sending 'West' one of his majesty's officers?"

"You was jealous of him," put in an old man with a twisted face, the driver of the team, if one could judge from the good iron which he leaned.

"And sure as a pup when you found he'd been here a month without your suspicion," continued another townsman.

Evidently Hartley was not surrounded by any golden peace and was none too much respected as the peace officer of the community.

"That's a queer notion," called out, at last for the moment, Seymour swung from his horse and crossed the road to look at the body of Hart, the nature of the move had been really stronger to the tragedy.

"The deputy chose to ignore the lives of others," said Hart, "and he made demands upon Brewster for an interpretation of his instructions, reminding him that the sergeant's 'freight' to be taken to an ex."

"Oh, I don't think for a minute that you kicked off the sergeant," the sergeant said. "I was just saying you as an example to show your hasty methods with this stranger." Brewster went on. "You were sitting in your saddle and staring down at the remains when I rode up from the creek. But I didn't suspect you of firing the shot or even of knowing anything about it."

Hartley looked somewhat mollified. "Where you from and what's your business?" he persisted.

"I'm a doctor," said Brewster, "and I'm a practical suggestion. 'I'll have an infirmary with all due respect to the law, just as soon as we can get the late sergeant into town,' he strangled. 'See that you stick around, sergeant. There's no telling at who the coroner's jur, will point the finger of guilt.'"

Seymour nodded agreement. From official perspective, he knew that there was no telling.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer"—Insist!

For Pain Headache Neuralgia Rheumatism Lumbago Colds

Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions

Ready "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists

Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer & Co., Ltd., of Elberfeld, Germany.

His eyes, while delivering himself of this pronouncement, had fixed on the figure of Brewster.

"Victims—you said it," offered Seymour in calculating fashion. "Some arrests. I suppose you'll make a bunch of them. Well, start in with me and bring in lots of company. You might as well make the mounted police plumb disgusted with you while you're about it."

"For a moment he watched Hartley squirm under this obvious sarcasm, then he said, 'I was the first of order procedure, in a case of this sort? If you got a verdict from a jury, you'll have something to stand on when—when the Mounties come.'"

Hartley embraced the offering found in Seymour's sudden change from scorn to a practical suggestion. "I'll have an infirmary with all due respect to the law, just as soon as we can get the late sergeant into town," he strangled. "See that you stick around, sergeant. There's no telling at who the coroner's jur, will point the finger of guilt."

Seymour nodded agreement. From official perspective, he knew that there was no telling.

CHAPTER XVI

The "Widely" In Gray

In the stippled procedure of Deputy Sam Hartley the professional policeman had been the victim of a man, best known to himself and beyond any man, now never to be disclosed to mortal understanding. But he had been taken into his confidence either before or after uncovering himself, peace officer, policeman, or part, Phil, but by no big enough of a man—"

Cato's crackling, laughter interrupted him. "I'll say that by a man?" he burst out.

"Anyway, I figured I knew the best of the case, but he might need that he did and that he might need that. You know Sam Hartley's son, of which he took out after him, prepared to lend a hand to law and order as was."

"The was further exchange among the Goldies—theories advising for the new crime, gratuitous advice for the first deputy, and the sergeant's effect on the outside reputation of the camp. Glad that interest had shifted from himself, Seymour frowned suddenly his attention was claimed by a decoration which had not been the one that he had had at first scrutinized it. Into the breast opening of the serge coat was tucked a epistle."

"Here last tribute," his thoughts whispered. "And an ill-considered one if she has any reason for not giving her name. When I got the first discovered the crime?"

It was unlikely that the impostor had been anywhere that morning where he could pick flowers which Seymour knew to grow only in the deeper gulches where the packed snow of winter retained their spring to the last. The wearing of the nose-ear was so out of keeping with the character that Hart had assumed, he attracted attention. The sergeant wondered that the men arguing behind him had not already noticed and questioned its presence.

Knocking ostensibly to tie a boot-lace, he rectified the girl's mistake by plucking forth the flowers and tucking them into an inside pocket of his coat.

The others, although approaching, evidently had not noticed this deft appropriation. Ruth Duperow's connection with the tragedy was her secret unless later she wished to take the camp into her confidence.

"It's a cinch that these two killings are linked," Hartley was shrilling to all ears within range. "When I got the man that killed the sergeant, I'll have the one that shot the sergeant."

"Which one do you calculate to get first, Sam?" asked Brewster, straight-faced as an undertaker.

The pudge deputy stared at him in momentary confusion. Then took the bait. "Cato the Ox might be excused a fool question like that, Phil, but I'd have thought you'd be wise vice versa. Don't you see, man, that these murderers are one and the same?"

"Then I'd advise you to throw down on that one and the same quick as the Almighty will let you," said Brewster.

"The Mounties will be riled to the top of the hill by one of their own; they'll swear in here like flies as soon as the news gets out."

The minus, camp's deputy coroner was obviously disturbed by this local counsel. Although the morning was not warm, he whipped out a 'saffron-colored handkerchief and wiped his brow. Evidently that ministrations did not satisfy for he took up his hat and polished his pale, which was disclosed to be as bald as an eagle's.

"Spite your astonishing ignorance in some things, Phil, you sometimes show a glimmer of sense," he said at last. "I was headed right in the first place. I've got to make some arrests and have the victims ready for the Mounties when they come swarming."

Greenland Was Once Flourishing Colony

Cattle Thrive On Its Pastures Thousand Years Ago

Greenland has come into the public eye and the newspaper headlines lately because of the exploits of the United States aviators, who made it a stage on their round-the-world journey. They had no blocker landing place, and none in which a mishap would have exposed them to greater hardships and perils. Though today Greenland is a synonym for barren desolation, its principal products being glaciers and its main exports being icebergs, it was the seat of a flourishing settlement long before Columbus' voyage of discovery. In its southern fjords Erie and Red founded a colony nearly a thousand years ago. Sheep, cattle and horses drove on a green pastures, whence it took the name now mocked by the icy mountains which cover the interior. The hardy Norsemen hunted the reindeer on land and the seal and white bears drifting on ice floes along the shore. At sites still marked on the map at Godthaab and Julianahab were the chief settlements, of which clear traces remain. As late as the fourteenth century there were about 200 farms, two churches and sixteen churches, one of which was the Episcopal residence. This little community existed in political independence until 1261, when it surrendered to the Norwegian Crown.

Communication between Greenland and the mother country, which was intimate for a long time, ceased at the beginning of the fifteenth century, and the colony gradually expired. The last Bishop to live in the island died in 1577. But nominally still the colony continued, and when the union of Norway and Denmark was dissolved in 1814 Greenland was claimed by the Danish King. There is scientific evidence of a radical change of climate during the Middle Ages, ascribed to cosmic causes affecting a large part of the earth. Bodies buried 600 years ago have recently been found in a frozen state, and it is contended that they were buried in unfrozen ground, as the corpses were decomposed while the wrappings remained intact, covered by grass roots.

Today the population numbers about 10,000, of whom only 300 are Eskimos, mostly Danish officials, the trade of the colony being a Government monopoly. Unless there is another change of climate the Eskimos will not again be challenged by European immigration. And it is unlikely, after recent experiences, that it will be on the route of the world's aerial highway.—Toronto Globe.

The Value Of "Publicity"

Retail Dealers Cannot Afford to Neglect Their Advertising

In a large way the American Middle West—region where the "mail order" system of shopping has a tremendous vogue—a good story was recently told at the expense of the local storekeeper. When he came home one night his wife proudly showed him an unusual type of egg-beater she had just bought from one of the mail order "chests." There appeared at once on his face a look of surprise, instead of the pleasure she had expected to find. She asked him what the trouble was.

"Well," he replied, "I've had half a dozen of these things in stock for a year, and I've been wondering how on earth I was ever going to get rid of them." The incident is being used in the press to illustrate the value of "publicity." If it is argued, a retailer keeps his stock of household appliances secret even to his own wife, how can he expect to find customers for them?—London Daily Mail.

Petroleum Production

Of a total production of 170,169 barrels for 1923, Ontario contributed 159,400 barrels, New Brunswick 8,826 barrels and Alberta 1,943 barrels. All of Ontario's output was from wells in the southwestern portion of the province. New oil wells of considerable capacity have recently been brought in in the Ontario field, while aggressive drilling is taking place in Alberta with reports of new wells being brought in.

More than 900 travelling libraries supply reading matter to the people of Saskatchewan, Canada.

Chickens who come home to roost have more sense than some people.

English Buys Books For Japanese

By passing the diplomatic and consular vote the House of Commons sanctioned the gift by the British Government of \$125,000 for the purchase of books in Great Britain for the Tokio Imperial University.

The library of the university was destroyed in the earthquake of last year, and this gift is in restitution.

Girl Finger Print Expert

Miss Beulah Amy, a 19-year-old New Orleans girl, is a finger print expert and the youngest member of the International Association for Identification of the United States.

Constipation is the arch-enemy of health

Conquer the enemy of constipation and you rout a whole army of physical ills, including indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, sleeplessness and nervous dyspepsia. Beecham's Pills have been a world-wide favorite laxative for over 80 years. They go straight to the cause of many ills and remove it. They act promptly, pleasantly and surely. Purely vegetable, harmless, non-habit-forming. These time-tested pills strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and

Sold Everywhere in Canada

Relieve Constipation!

Wonderful Omnibus Ride

London Claims Best Six-Cent One In World

What is the most wonderful omnibus ride in the world? Optimists may differ, but London thinks it has far and away the most wonderful one in the "bus" ride from the Victoria Railway station to the great growing walls of the Bank of England in the heart of the financial district.

Here, says London, is what you get for six cents: Leaving Victoria Station you reach Westminster, passing St. Margaret's, the scene of the world's most fashionable weddings, the great Westminster Abbey and the distinguished House of Parliament and across the Thames you catch a glimpse of the great home of the London County Council.

Then you sweep into Whitehall, where the Government Offices are, passing Downing Street where always a knot of people stand gazing at the Prime Minister's home. Here stands the Cenotaph—the Empire's shrine—and the Horse Guards Parade and the famous Law Courts, when the Common Law was evolved on Fleet Street past the haunts of Dr. Johnson and Charles Dickens the London newspaper offices, then across Ludgate Circus, past St. Paul's Cathedral to the Bank of England.

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Boy Scouts Good Citizens

Are Trained to Think of Others Before Themselves

The Boy Scout is no longer regarded as a soldier in embryo. He is known as the best type of the young citizen, who is trained to think of others as well as of himself, and is ready at all times to do a good turn, not for reward, but for the joy of doing it. In these days of perverted union, when combination has its maining the avowal of self-interest, the altruistic motives of the Boy Scouts constitute one of the most hopeful features of the time, carrying with it the hope of a less selfish generation to come.—The Scotsman.

LITTLE HELPS FOR THIS WEEK

Be thou in the fear of the Lord all the day long.—Prov. xxiii, 17.

So here hath been dawning Another blue day; Think, wilt thou let it Slip useless away?

Out of eternity This new day is born; Into eternity At night doth return.

The missteps of every minute are a new record against us in heaven. Sure, if we thought this, we should dismiss them with better reports, and not suffer them to fly away empty, or laden with dangerous intelligence. How happy is it when they carry up not only the message, but the fruits of good, and stay with the Ancient of Days to speak for us before His glorious throne.

—John Milton.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Conquer the enemy of constipation and you rout a whole army of physical ills, including indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, sleeplessness and nervous dyspepsia. Beecham's Pills have been a world-wide favorite laxative for over 80 years. They go straight to the cause of many ills and remove it. They act promptly, pleasantly and surely. Purely vegetable, harmless, non-habit-forming. These time-tested pills strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and

Sold Everywhere in Canada

Relieve Constipation!

Skyscrapers Going Higher

Resort of Builders to Escape High Land Rentals

Skyscrapers 750 feet high are coming in great numbers, it's predicted at a meeting of National Association of Building Owners and Managers. The trend is toward great improvements in express elevator service, operators handling the cars by push buttons. Stops will be made every tenth floor. There'll be local elevators for each deck of 10 floors.

High land values are compelling man to resort to inventive ingenuity and the elevator is simply another way to escape from land rentals.—Worcester Post.

THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little one she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N.S., who writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children and from my experience I would not be without them. I would urge every other mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make teaching easy. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25¢ a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Obliging

Hostess (to a neighbor's little girl who has come to tea). "Say, our grace, dear, and then we can begin." Little Girl: "Well, I will if you like, but my real name's Doris, you know."

Blacksmiths, Saddlers and Wheelwrights are just beginning to die out in Europe

THE UNVALUED COAL

VICTORY SMOOTHS COAL FOR DOMESTIC USE

Ask Your Dealer For The 100% COAL No Rock, Bone, Slate

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN

LAKEVIEW COALS, LTD. Head Office, Edmonton

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Everywhere

The Tobacco with a heart

Free Recipe Book—Write the Borden Co. Limited, Montreal.

With the Cream Let It!

Ready When you need it

Free Recipe Book—Write the Borden Co. Limited, Montreal.

With the Cream Let It!

Ready When you need it

Free Recipe Book—Write the Borden Co. Limited, Montreal.

BENEFIT FROM TANLAC LASTING, HE ASSERTS

Ontario Man Says It Put Him In Such Fine Condition Two Years Ago, He Hasn't Needed Any Medicine Since.

"Well, sir, it looked like I was going to have to give up my job, but Tanlac kept me on the payroll and, of course, I'm strong for it," is the striking statement of Wm. Crankor, 81 Louis St., Brockville, Ont., who for 20 years past has been employed by the Canadian National railway.

"My stomach went wrong 10 years ago and then I gradually got out of it in bits of ways. I couldn't eat or sleep to do any good for nervousness

and indigestion and had got to where I simply had to drag myself to the railroad yards in the morning.

"I could feel the good effects of my very first few doses of Tanlac clean to my finger-tips. This was two years ago and three bottles put me in such good shape that I have not had to spend a cent for medicine since. I eat and sleep fine, never miss a day's work any more and feel fine. You just can't beat Tanlac."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 10 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills for constipation, made and recommended by the manufacturers of TANLAC.

Rapid Growth Of Province

Saskatchewan Has Sprung From Bald Prairie in Comparatively Few Years

The rapidity with which Saskatchewan has sprung from bald prairie to a province with a population of 200,000 people is more often spoken of than realized.

A proper sense of the shortness of time in which this province has been developed cannot be conveyed to merely glancing data. One has to speak in terms of human lives to get the idea over.

A gentleman is still living in the Summerberry district who came to what is now Saskatoon in the early days of settlement here and broke land at Maple Creek. One day the Governor of the Territories visited his farm.

"You have the finest looking piece of ploughed land I have seen since leaving Portage la Prairie," said the Governor.

"Would you mind telling me how many ploughed fields you have seen since leaving Portage?" asked the pioneer.

"Three," answered the Governor. "There is something for the imagination of the younger generation to play with."

When this gentleman came west he was old enough to be a member of the reserved force, but he is not so old togetharian now.

All except these three ploughed fields between Portage and Maple Creek has happened since his life came to Saskatchewan—Regina Daily Post.

In the days of ancient Greece the farmers were accustomed to driving away mice by writing them a message and sticking it on a stone in the infested field.

Mix Mustard this way

Mix Keen's Mustard with water to the consistency of a thick paste. Add water until the desired thickness is obtained. If a milder flavor is desired mix with milk. Mix mustard freshly for every meal.

but it must be Keen's

Less Pot-washing

SMP Enamelled Ware has the smooth surface and polish of fine crockery—without the breakage. And it is so very easy to clean—just like china, and therefore makes light work of pot washing.

Try this test. Take an SMP Enamelled Ware sauce pan and an all-metal sauce pan of equal size. Into each pour a quart of cold water. Put on the fire at the same time. The SMP sauce pan will be boiling merrily when the water in the other is just beginning to simmer.

SMP Enamelled WARE

"A Face of Porcelain and a Heart of Steel"

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearl grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and white outside, white lining. Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue edging.

THE SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG
EDMONTON VANCOUVER CALGARY

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Edward Fairbanks, 71, well-known citizen of Ottawa for 20 years and a former member of the Manitoba Legislature, died Sept. 11.

Payment of salaries in force prior to the strike this summer and restoration to official positions of about forty strikers, created a jubilant feeling among postal workers in Toronto.

Rumors are current of an early announcement of a Dominion domestic loan, possibly of \$100,000,000, to meet maturing Victory bonds and to take up treasury bills. The interest rate will probably be 4½ per cent.

President Coolidge issued the order which retired General John H. Pershing from active service with the army, and at the same time extended to him "the thanks of the nation for his eminent services."

Arthur J. Davis, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, New York, in a statement issued, charges foreign liquor interests with having formed a conspiracy to influence the coming United States presidential election.

Nearly two hundred adult black hares were recently placed in Ministick Lake, in the Elk Island Park Bird and Game Sanctuary near Edmonton, for the propagation and ultimate distribution of this game fish to other suitable lakes of Alberta.

The output of coal from Canadian mines in 1923, says a Government report just issued, was 16,590,571 short tons, as compared with 15,152,421 tons in 1922, an increase of 42 per cent. Alberta still leads the other provinces in coal production.

Special excursion rates to Eastern Canada, the Pacific coast and certain points in the United States, to prevail during the coming winter, were authorized, to correspond with those in effect last year, at a meeting of the Canadian Passenger Association, western lines.

Asthma is Torture. No one who hasn't gasped for breath in the power of asthma knows what such suffering is. Thousands do know, however, from experience how immeasurable is the relief provided by that marvellous preparation, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. For years it has been relieving the most severe cases. If you are a sufferer do not delay a day in securing this remedy from your drugist.

Food Prices Higher

Fractional Increase in Prices is Noted in Various Commodities

The index number of wholesale prices, constructed by Professor H. H. Mitchell of McMaster University, declined fractionally in August, from 175.8 at the end of July to 175.5 at the end of August. This compares with 175.6 in August, 1922; 254.1 in August, 1920; and 115.4 in August, 1914.

The index of the 29 foodstuffs included advanced from 183.8 at the end of July to 185.2 at the end of August. This compares with 182.6 in August, 1922; 289.0 in August, 1920; and 131.1 in August, 1914.

Pork, bacon, lard, butter, cheese, oatmeal, eggs and sugar rose, while beef, mutton, potatoes and currants fell.

The index for the 29 manufacturers' goods included fell from 167.5 at the end of July, to 165.8 at the end of August.

The index number published last month has been revised from 179.0 to 175.6.

Profits From Wheat Pool

Alberta Wheat Pool officials claim that farmers who joined the co-operative marketing organization received \$2,000,000 more for their 1923 crop than they would have netted through independent marketing methods. The pool actually handled 51,192,565 bushels of wheat during the first pool year.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Expeller to drive out the parasites.

Most Prosperous People

During a recent visit to Ottawa, Hon. P. C. Larkin, High Commissioner for Canada in London, England, stated in the course of an interview by newspaper men that in his opinion Canada was less dependent upon the rest of the world than any other country. No people in the world were more prosperous.

Dr. Edwin E. Slosson, Director of Science Service, says that the physician, through chemical knowledge, is growing more and more able to restore natural substances into the body, instead of giving doses of foreign substances.

The so-called "laziness" of inhabitants of tropical countries is actually a disease, a medical expert says.

For Corns and Warts—Minard's Liniment

W. N. U. 1543

Passing Of a Pioneer

Was a Famous Hunter and Trader of the Great Company

Alexis L'Esperance Taboulaie, seigneur of French aristocracy, coureur du bois and follower of Louis Riel, passed away recently at Willow Bunch, Sask. — Of this kind of another notable of the thinning band who were eye-witnesses of Canada's wilder days, a Winnipeg friend of "Alex" says:

"He was a hunter and a trader of the Great Company—one of those who tracked out the paths later followed by the fur traders. He went to his rest on Sept. 5, having received the last rites, at the age of 78. Without education, he possessed a mind of great intellectual capacity and a natural polish and refinement, as befitted a man descended from the best blood of old France."

To speak more particularly of Alex would be to write a history of the principal events of Red River at that time. He, as others, traversed the plains to the Missouri, Idaho, the Rockies and the far north. He spoke the languages of all those Indian tribes. "Too little credit is given to the Alexis as a factor in preserving this land to the British crown—Free Press."

Rub it in for Lime Balm—A brisk rub with Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil will relieve Lime Balm. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in, the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that it is an excellent article.

Canada's Crop Prospects

Manitoba Crop Much Heavier Than Last Year

Canada's wheat crop this year is estimated to total 291,601,000 bushels, of which it is expected 267,177,000 bushels will be produced in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Manitoba's wheat crop is estimated at about eleven million bushels more than last year, but there is a falling off in Saskatchewan and Alberta, where last year's crops were the greatest on record.

It is expected that the increases in price which will be realized by farmers this year combined with the lesser cost of handling crops of moderate volume will make the 1924 crop almost, if not quite, as profitable to the farmer as the record-breaking crop of 1923. In many individual cases this year's crop will actually be more profitable than last year's.

Let Hot Water Dissolve Your Corns

To quickly and sore, aching corns the surest remedy is the hot foot-bath treatment and a few applications of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Put directions in each package. You won't be disappointed. Because Putnam's Extractor painlessly removes corns, foot lumps, callouses, etc., and leaves no mark or scar. Refuse a substitute for Putnam's. 25c at all drugists.

PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

New Brands Of Wheat

Experiments Being Made to Prove the Value of Two New Types

Experiments are being conducted in the west this season with two new brands of wheat, both of them of earlier maturity than Marquis. One is the Rexford type and the other known as Garnet. Whilst not yet ready for the test season comes on. The plants were bred at the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa and the seed has been sent out to fifty farms in the west. If the promising results are finally attained the new wheat may revolutionize production.

Boys and girls today are better in health, intelligence and physical strength than in any previous generation, says an English doctor.

IF TROUBLED WITH DIARRHOEA You Should Use



It Will Give You PROMPT RELIEF

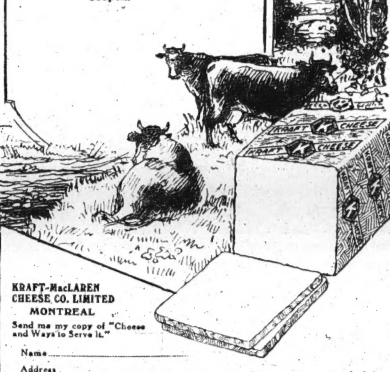
This valuable preparation has been on the market for the past 80 years and holds a reputation, second to none, for the relief of all bowel complaints whether of children or adults. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co. Limited, Toronto, Ont.



TASTE Kraft Cheese! Shut your eyes and immediately you picture green hills, pure bred cows knee-deep in clover or drinking the pure cool water from a bubbling spring. Kraft Cheese is unique! The first bite will captivate your taste, win your lasting appreciation of one of the most nourishing, economical and delightful foods Nature provides for man.

TEMPTING DISHES

Nearly 100 tasty Cheese Recipes are in the Kraft Booklet sent free. Use Coupon.



Smuggled Cigarettes

Loss of Revenue to Government Estimated at \$3,655,000

A few days ago the customs officials at Brockville forwarded to Ottawa about ten million cigarettes of American manufacture, which had been seized at that point.

This large quantity was collected in the space of a little over two months. Those best informed on the subject claim that there are from five hundred million to seven hundred million cigarettes smuggled from the United States into Canada annually, replacing an equal quantity of cigarettes of Canadian manufacture.

The seizure made at Brockville during the past two months would seem to indicate that this estimate is, if anything, below rather than above the mark.

Five hundred million cigarettes brought unlawfully into Canada represents a loss in tax to the Dominion Government of the huge sum of \$3,655,000.

A Stumbling Block

League Committee Finds Immigration Question a Hard One

The permanent economic organization of the League of Nations has reported to the assembly that the question of immigration of foreigners into any country raises issues of political, social and cultural character which far transcend the competence of the economic committee. The committee made this observation in dealing with the proposals made by M. Adachi, the Japanese delegate, concerning treatment of foreign nationals and enterprises.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Washington To Have Mormon Chapel—A Mormon chapel is to be erected in Washington on one of the most conspicuous sites of the aristocratic sections of the capital. It is said the building will be of classic design and of considerable dimensions, in keeping with the fine buildings in the locality. The Mormons have long been anxious to obtain a footing in the United States capital.

New Wireless Station

Work is commencing on the Federal Government's new wireless station at Edmonton which is to establish connection with Government and other stations in the far north.

Furs From Far North

More than one hundred and fifty traders from the far north arrived at Edmonton recently bringing with them furs valued at the value of approximately \$500,000.

Minard's Liniment for Sprains and Bruises

Skill Of Australian Trackers

Native Quickly Discovers Thief Who Stole Wedding Ring

An interesting example of the skill of Australian aboriginals in tracking human beings is shown from Darwin in northern territory. While a wedding was being held they suddenly discovered that the bride's valuable diamond engagement ring had been stolen.

The wedding was suspended while the police sought a native nose tracker who immediately stated an aboriginal had been in the room. Shortly afterward he nosed out from a crowd an aboriginal in whose pocket the ring was found.

Frederick the Goat of Prussia was given in his military operations by astrologers, and always waited until they had indicated the "lucky day" for a start.

MURINE
Keeps EYES
Clear, Bright and Beautiful
Write Murine Co., Chicago, for Free Catalog

YOU'VE TRIED THE BEST NOW BUY THE BEST

NEW CASTLE COAL
ALWAYS SUITS, NEVER SOOTS
There is a dealer handling Newcastle coal in every town in Western Canada. Look for him.

MONEY ORDERS

It is always safe to send Dominion Express Money Orders.

HELP WANTED

ANY PERSON DESIROUS OF making from \$10 to \$20 weekly in spare time, without interfering with present employment, send for particulars or free sample book "Impassible Art" Personal Christmas Cards Manufacturers, 122 Richmond West Toronto.

Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, reliable, regulating medicine for constipation. Sold everywhere. A single box, 25c. Six boxes, \$1.50. Free sample. Write for particulars. The Cook Manufacturing Co., Toronto (Incorporated in Canada).

OVER HALF A CENTURY REPUTATION
Dr. LeClerc's PILLS FOR THE CURE OF ALL BOWEL COMPLAINTS
Dr. LeClerc's PILLS FOR ANEMIA
Dr. LeClerc's VEGETABLE
LAXATIVE
Dr. LeClerc's Compound
100 N. 2nd St., St. Paul, Minn., U.S.A.
Sole Agents, Canada, New York City

A Bargain in Newspapers

AN OPPORTUNITY TO WIN \$5000.00.
A Beautiful Art Calendar Free!

The Irma Times has concluded an arrangement with The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal by which we can offer the greatest bargain ever given to newspaper readers.

The offer includes a full year's subscription to both papers, an art calendar with a most beautiful picture subject ready for framing, and an opportunity to win a prize of \$5000 cash.

In the Federal Election of 1921 there were 3,119,306 votes cast out of a total of 4,435,310 names on the voters list.

How many votes will be polled in the next Federal Election?

The Family Herald and Weekly Star are offering Ten Thousand Dollars in 94 prizes for the best estimates, and our arrangement with the publishers of that great weekly gives every Irma Times subscriber an opportunity to make an estimate and perhaps win the capital prize of \$5000. Some person will win. Why should it not be you?

READ THIS BARGAIN.

The Irma Times costs \$2.00 per year.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star \$2.00 per year.

We now offer a full year's subscription to both papers, including a copy of The Family Herald Art Calendar and the right to make one estimate in The Family Herald's Election Contest.

ALL FOR \$2.25.

Estimates must be made at time of subscribing, and no changes will be permitted afterwards.

In addition to the above special offer we have arranged with the following weekly papers which will be included with The Times at special rates:

Journal Farm Weekly, Edmonton.
Free Press Prairie Farmer, Winnipeg.
Farm and Ranch Review, Calgary.
The Western Gardener and Bee Keeper.
And any other paper you might wish.
Order NOW at This Office.

THE IRMA TIMES, IRMA, ALBERTA

THE IRMA TIMES Classified Directory.

DERRICK BUILDER

Contracts or day work taken in any part of Alberta.

A. H. VISSER, Okotoks, Alta.
Phone 25.

MAPS

For Maps of—

IRMA-WAINWRIGHT OIL FIELDS

See or Write
EDMONTON DRAFTING
& SUPPLY CO., LTD.
Engineering and Drafting
Supplies

Drafting & Blue Printing
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Edmonton Drafting & Supply Co., Ltd.
10210-101st Street
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H. V. FIELDHOUSE, K. C.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc.
Special Attention to Collections
and Estates
Oil Leases Bought and Sold.
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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Solicitor for—
British Petroleum, Ltd.
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Crown Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.
Wainwright Oil & Development Co., Ltd., N.P.L.
Irma Royalties, Ltd., N.P.L.
Border Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.
Office—Molson Bank Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta.

A. M. MOWAT

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Solicitor for—
Globe Drilling Co., Ltd.
Irma Oil & Development Co., Ltd., (N.P.L.)
Irma Oil Holdings Ltd., (N.P.L.)
Mutual Oil & Gas Development Co., Ltd., (N.P.L.)
Office—206 C. P. R. Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta.

Pat O'Hooley on Ambition

(Copyrighted 1924)



This is Pat

"Ambition is a mighty fine thing 't' have—wid plenty of horse-since," said Pat O'Hooley, lighting his pipe and leveling his keen, blue eyes at a number of cronies foregathered in the White Owl Billiard Hall. "A moderate dose puts zip in a man; but ut's loike a flivver—ut has 't' be steered, or th' first thing ye know ye are dumped in th' ditch. Now, jist for instance, take Mrs. Maloney an' her strappin' boy, Shamus; there was a case of Ambition at cross-purposes, Shamus had his No. tin brogans on th' side; an' Mrs. Maloney was lookin' at th' sun. Before they knew fwhat's ated! 'em, they've got their backs humped up loike a couple of cats.

"I was going down th' strate th' ither avenin' an' Mrs. Maloney calls me in fer a chat. She was sittin' alone on th' porch where th' mornin' glories twine up cotton strings; an' ut was easy 't' see she'd been cryin'.

"Fwhat's wrong, mam?" sez I. "Oh, Pat!" sez she. "I'm broken-hearted entirely. Shamus has fallen down again on his school exams; an' he's been three years in th' eighth grade already. 'Tis merciful providence that his poor father is dead an' can't know the shame of ut. Here I've bin wid me elbows in suds fer t'n years hopin' 't' see him through college—an' give him a chance 't' be a gentleman instead of a drudge all his loife—an'he's foinally got so contrary an' mean I can do nothin' wid him. All he thinks about is leavin' around wid games an' fightin' an' smashin' things up. For a long time he's been wantin' 't' quit school, an' now—oh, Pat! he's got him a job—an' carryin' 't' had at that! I can never look me neighbors in th' face agin', sez she, wipin' her eyes.

"Well, well, 't' I. 'Don't cry, mam. Ut might be worse at that. Honest tell sham, nobody worth while; an' Shamus has a better head than I thought."

"Oh, but Pat," sez she, "jist think fwhat he's missin' by not gettin' a good education."

"Yes, I know, mam," sez I; "but whin ye spake of schoolin'—maneh! book-larin'—I'm thinkin' 'ye are turnin' on too much juice. Ut has 't' limitations for some. Ut don't, 'take' aloike on iverybody. Ye can't pour a gallon of education int' a quart jug—ut will slop over. An' paregorically spakein', mam, there's a whole lot of two-ounce containers loined up on th' school hinch alongside th' big vassels. There's always danger of over-shootin'. Jist think fwhat a sad thing it would be fer Shamus if he got 't' be a two-b-four lawyer or doctor or pracher an' ivery time he saw a first-class ditch worker workin' in a hole, he'd want 't' throw off his coat an' git down where he belonged! I'm thinkin' Shamus is th' best judge of his own inclinations an' limitations, an' I loike his grit," sez I.

"Dat, Pat," sez she, "do ye suppose Shamus can aim a livin' buildin' houses?"

"Faith, an' I'll say he can, mam!" sez I. "A lad who will buckle int' hard wurck is such a rarity these days that he's grabbed at wance an' fed on patty de go grass an' granebacks. Wid his broad back an' headless hrippy, Shamus is headin' 't' break int' an aristocracy that's gittin' more exclusive ivery day. 'Tis th' first thing ye know, Mrs. Maloney, ye'll be drivin' about in silks an' satins an' ridin' yer own six cylinder sedan," sez I.

"Ye might be right at that, Mr. O'Hooley," sez she, gittin' excited. "Shamus' father was a bricklayer an' there never was a time that he didn't have a wall of bills as big as a stove pipe. My! wouldn't I be proud 't' ride in me own car!" sez she.

"Ye would an' ye will," sez I. "Whin that time comes, mam, be loind 't' th' lads wid th' bulgin' foreheads an' trimblin' limbs who, in th' days of their youth, wasted their opportunities 't' learn a good trade, an' are slavin' their lives out in half-paid white-collar jobs. Give 'em a lift wance in a while, mam, fer I'm thinkin' if they don't take fer th'ir coats an' git down 't' rale wurck before ut's too late, 't'will be little joy-ridin' they'll git in this world," sez I.

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Household Helps.

A BUSY MONTH FOR DOCTORS

Yes—November is one of my busy months, says the Family Physician. When people have to light the fires and shut the windows they often poison themselves more or less and then they have to be cured, and that is often a much longer process than getting sick.

First of all, most of us have the air of our homes, work shops, farm houses and all other houses too dry as soon as the fires are all lighted. Don't forget that a fire steals moisture from the air. Provide for restoring this moisture in some way. When the doors and windows are open all day long moisture is evenly distributed in the doors and out, and our rooms are a part of the great system of natural ventilation and natural moisture that encircles the globe. But when doors and windows are tight shut we are cut off from the health-giving constant exchange of fresh air and moisture.

The Bungalow

What should you do? Let me see. You live in a bungalow—a four roomed house. One room opens out of another, and the kettle which boils on the stove four or five times a day will give you some moisture.

A Pan of Water

But in a closed room where there is a Quebec heater, or a hot air register, a radiator or a coal stove of some kind, see that you have a pot or pan of water always on the top of the stove or in some other convenient place. You will wonder how soon the pan gets empty. That water has gone into the air and helps to keep you well. So when you buy a stove or heater of any kind, please see that there is a place for a pan of water.

The House Is Too Hot

Another reason that November is a busy month for the doctors is that people keep their houses too hot. The pleasant weather of October and September when we sit on the verandah or at the door comfortably in a temperature of perhaps 62 to 65 degrees suits us perfectly. November with its chilly rains and East winds and the thermometer at about 35 or 40 degrees makes us shiver and we overdo the thing in our efforts to keep the house comfortable. Do not have your house too hot. Have a thermometer. Consult it daily. Bed-rooms for ordinary people are comfortable at 55 to 60 degrees. Of course, it is pleasant to have them a little warmer when you are dressing.

The Worker—The Aged—The New-Born

For the housekeeper or the houseworker who is "working round" making beds, sweeping, dusting, washing dishes or cooking and baking, 60 degrees is sometimes a little too warm. For the aged, of course, the warmth must be carefully regulated, about

63 or 70 degrees is right. Let them have a cosy corner and see that their feet are warm. Circulation has become slow.

The new-born baby needs heat too. For the first few weeks 70 degrees is right and then the baby should become gradually used to cooler air.

Poisonous Gas

Stoves and fires often cause another danger to life and health by the discharge of a poisonous gas into the air. This danger is no danger at all if the stove has a good draught, if the chimneys are clean and the flues clear of soot and other obstructions. If the flues and chimneys are choked up then the gas does not escape up the chimney and out at the top as it should. It "backs up" and comes out of the cracks and joints of the stove and thus pollutes the atmosphere. Numerous deaths have been caused in this way and many people are poorly—pale, anemic and delicate—because there is more or less poison in the air they habitually breathe. Headache, nausea and dizziness are some of the symptoms. In bad cases of gas poisoning the patient becomes unconscious and is promptly treated by being taken out into the fresh air and by artificial respiration the result is fatal.

It should be remembered then, that ordinary coal stoves, ranges, heaters, furnaces, hot water heaters, etc., all throw off an amount of carbon monoxide gas, which is dangerous and may be poisonous, and unless the products of combustion can get out and up the chimney this gas is forced into the living or sleeping rooms and harms those who breathe it.

The Motor Car Danger

Of late years, since motors have been used so much, many lives have been lost by people leaving the engine running in a closed garage. There is a considerable percentage, sometimes as much as ten or twelve per cent of carbon monoxide in the gas that issues from the exhaust pipe. If the garage is closed this percentage rapidly mounts up and the air becomes poisonous because the poisonous products of combustion cannot escape. Let the engine run outside the garage, or else leave the doors and the windows of the garage open while it is running.

After all, the secret of safety is in good ventilation. The house where there is some provision for fresh air entering is the safe one to live in. Never have a house hermetically sealed. Air will not keep fresh in a closed space. It needs to be changed. And besides, the specific danger of gas poisoning from illuminating gas or from carbon monoxide gas there is always the general danger of the marked reduction in vitality suffered by those who are strangers to fresh air.

Those who live in fresh air indoors and out are the first to gain good health and the last to lose it.

So clean the chimneys, and think over the ventilation, and give all the gas brackets a careful inspection and see that the windows will and do open, and you will have better health this November.

THE FUTURE PRICE OF WHEAT

The price of wheat in countries having a surplus for sale as Canada has is governed entirely by the oldest of economic laws, supply and demand. Speculators in Winnipeg, Chicago, Liverpool, Buenos Aires and other wheat centres may cause the price to fluctuate a few cents now and then but they have no influence whatever on the basic price at any time.

Wheat is so universally used as food the world over and grown more or less in all countries that to eat or less in all countries that to estimate what its price will be in Viking for this year's crop we must know what other countries will demand for consumption and what supplies are available the world over.

We have heard much talk lately of \$2.00 wheat here in Canada. Much as we would like to see that price, what is the chance of us getting it?

From official returns to the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome where all countries report what wheat they will require or what they have for sale estimates of the world's supply and the world's requirements from August 1st, 1924, to August 1st, 1925, have just been issued. The world will require at the very latest estimate 740,000,000 bushels of wheat before August 1st, 1925, and there is now or will be available from this year's crops from Canada, the U. S., India, Argentina, and Australia, 823,000,000 bushels. Thus there will be a margin of about 80,000,000 bushels of supply over demand. While this is a very narrow margin as compared with past years it is considerable and when we realize that the people of the old countries of Europe including England are compelled to cut down on their consumption as food gets dearer on account of their poverty this surplus will not likely be drawn upon.

Wheat sold in Viking last Tuesday at \$1.46 for No. 1 Northern. This is within one cent of the highest price it has sold at this year. It is not likely to go very much higher, and many grain men are looking for it to drop in price considerably.

When Baby Walks.

Don't put the kettle on the fire with the spout pointing out into the room. If the water boils without your noticing it, baby, running past, may be seriously scalded by the steam.

Don't leave pins and needles lying about; they may find their way into baby's mouth.